

Proposal:
Precise measurements of very
forward particle production at RHIC
-- RHICf experiment --

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The RHICf Collaboration

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K.Tanida

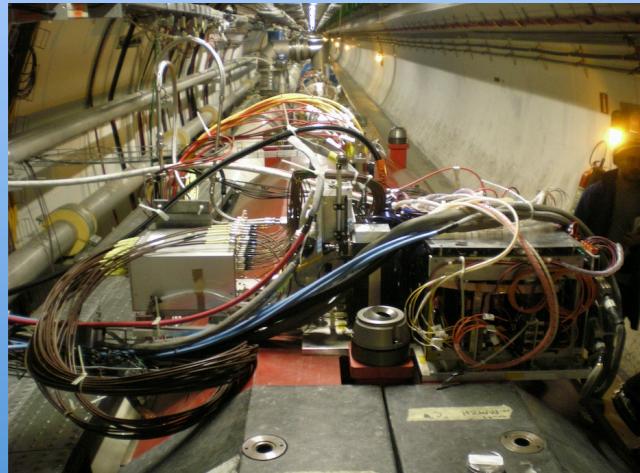
Seoul National University (Korea)

Outline of the proposal

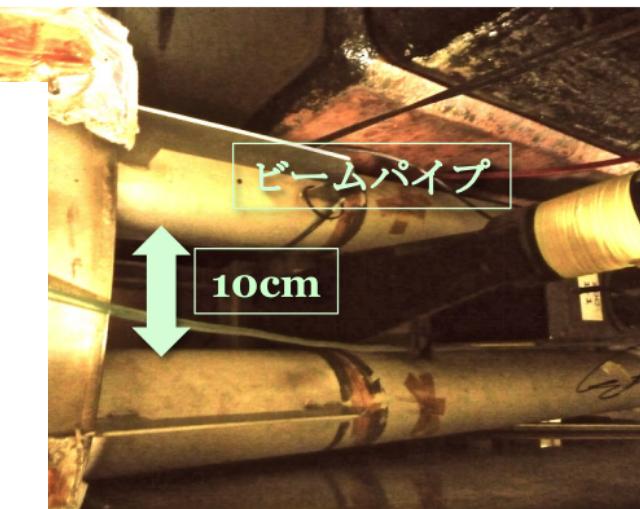
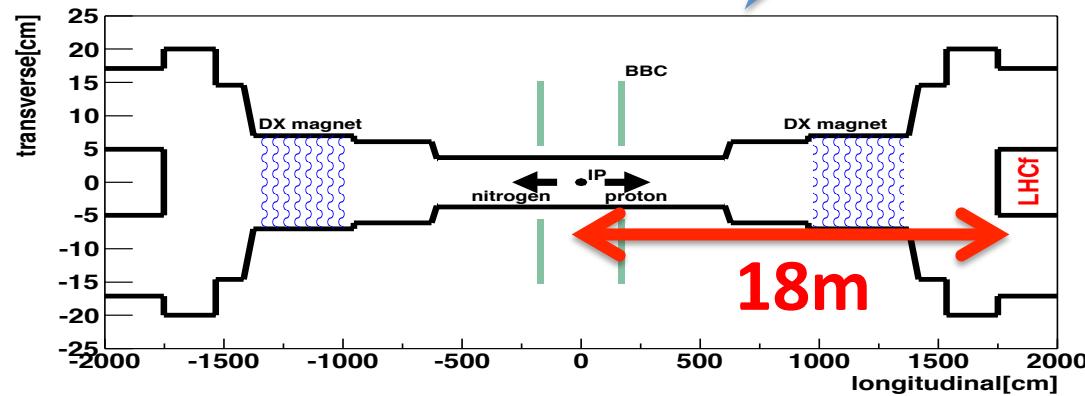
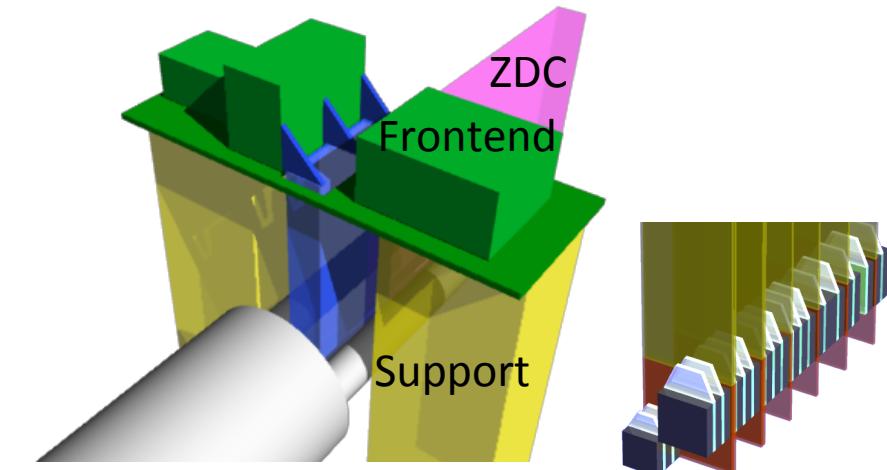
- Physics motivations:
 - Calibration of CR air shower interaction models in a wide range of \sqrt{s} , combining also the results at LHC
 - Precise measurements of spin asymmetry of forward particle production
- Technical idea:
 - To install position sensitive electromagnetic calorimeters in front of one of the PHENIX ZDCs using one of the existing LHCf detectors after the LHC 13TeV run (2015)
- Beam conditions:
 - 510 GeV polarized p+p collisions with $\beta^*=10\text{m}$
 - 1 day for physics and 1 day for contingency
 - 1-5 days for beam setup depending on the previous mode
 - Data taking in RUN16

From the Large Hadron Collider to the Longisland Hadron Collider

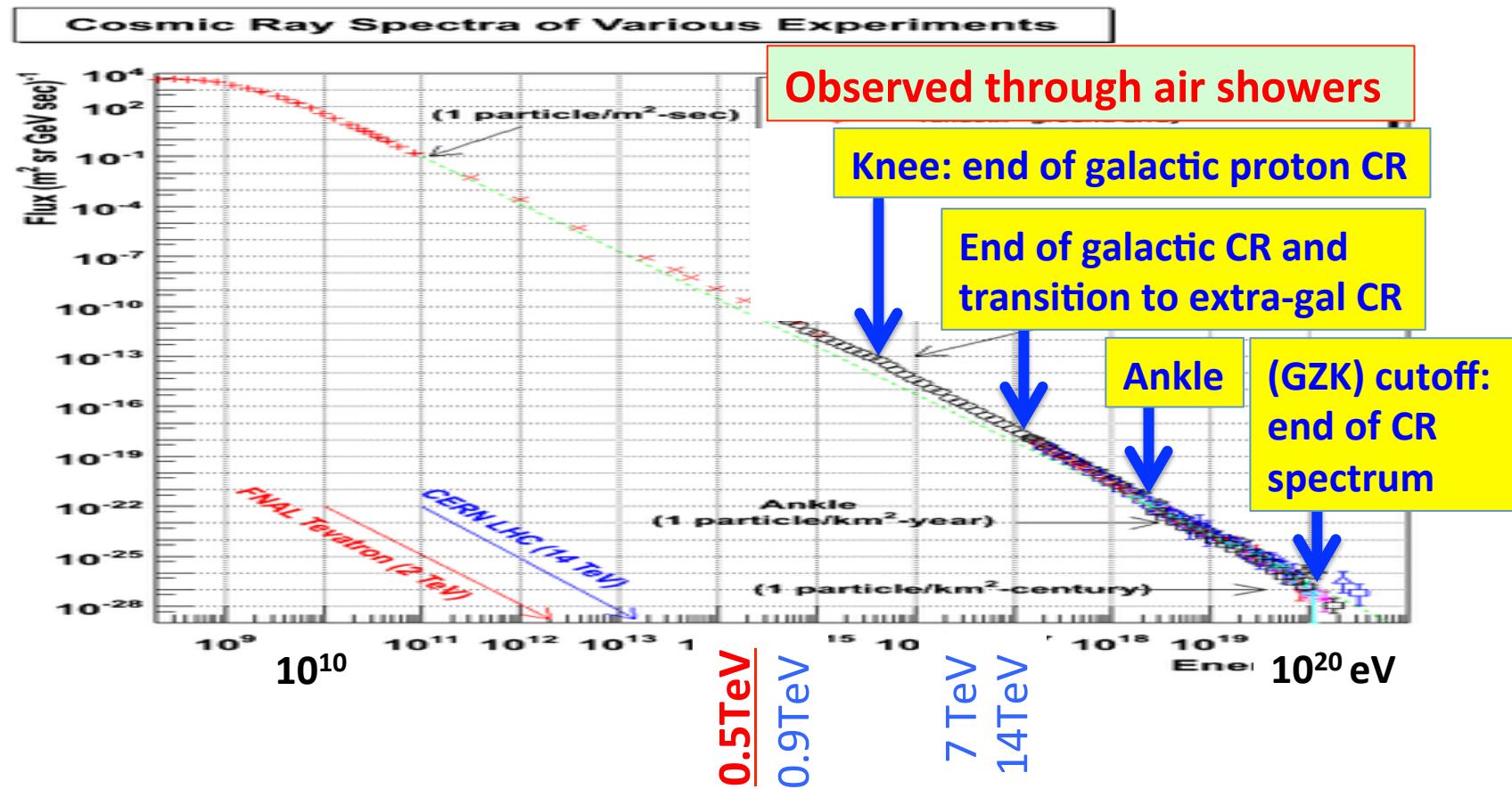
LHCf Arm2 detector in the LHC tunnel



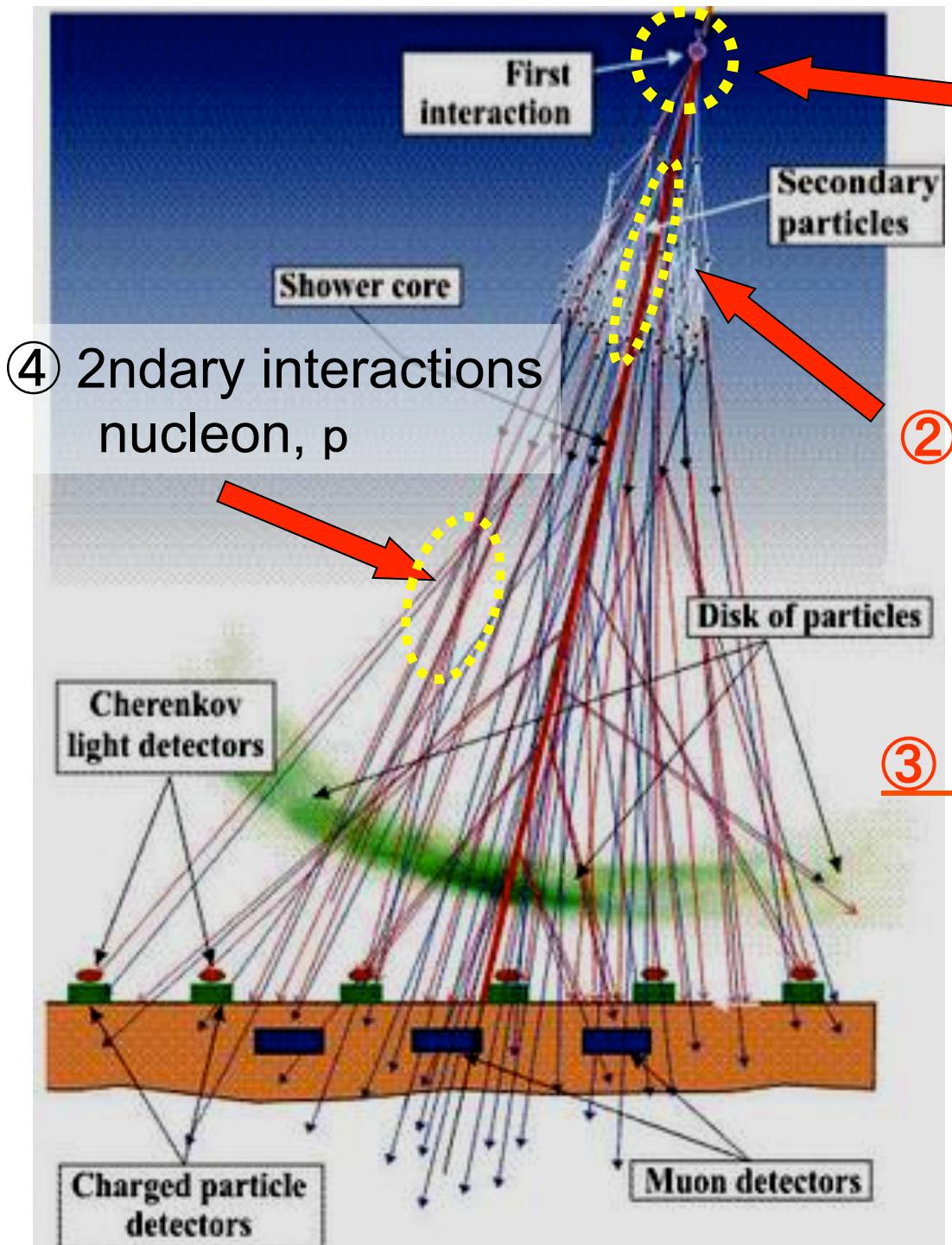
Schematic view of the RHICf installation



Cosmic-ray spectrum & Collider energy



- Interesting topics above knee (10^{15} eV)
- Observations are through air shower measurements
- Interpretation requires air shower simulations assuming hadronic interaction
- \sqrt{s} dependence is important to extrapolate beyond the LHC energy



① Inelastic cross section

If large s
rapid development
If small s
deep penetrating

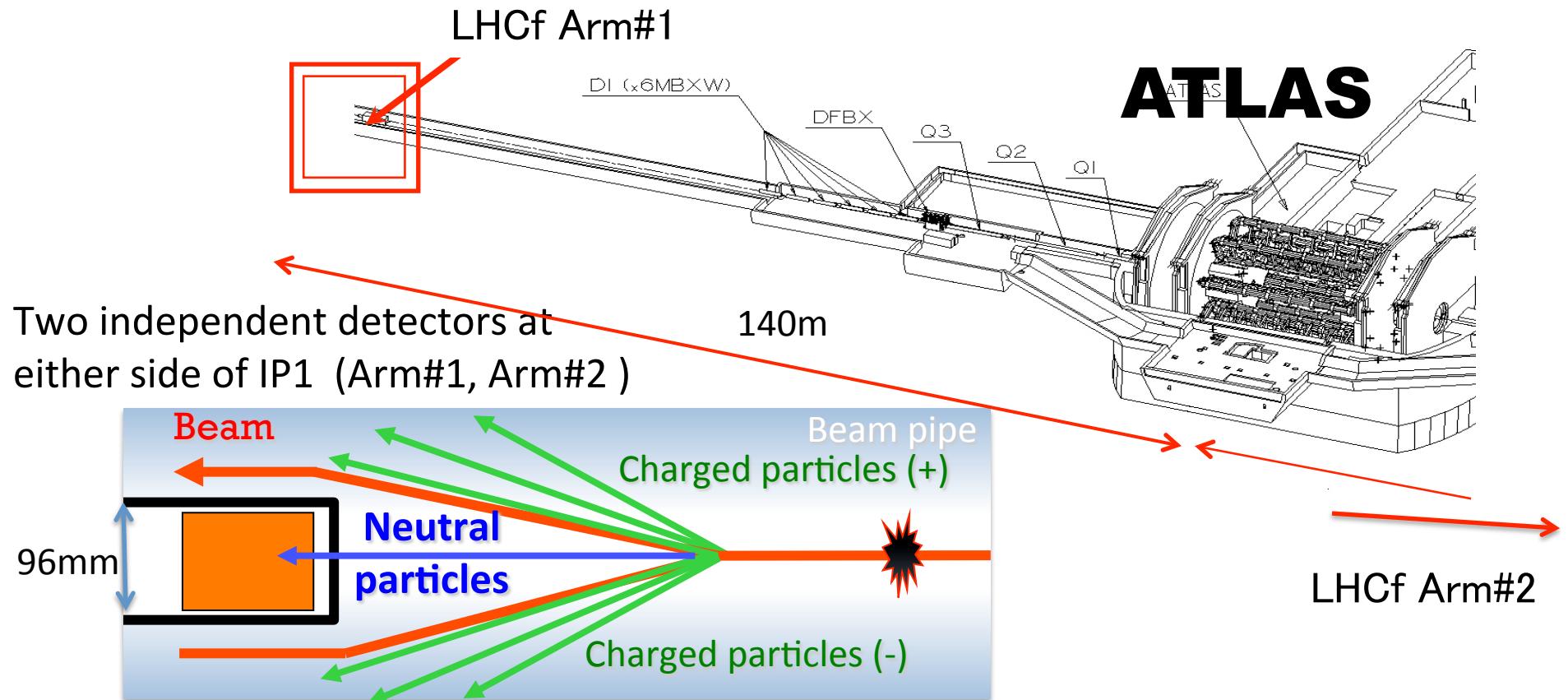
② Forward energy spectrum

If softer
shallow development
If harder
deep penetrating

③ Inelasticity $k = 1 - p_{\text{lead}} / p_{\text{beam}}$

If large k
(π^0 s carry more energy)
rapid development
If small k
(baryons carry more energy)
deep penetrating

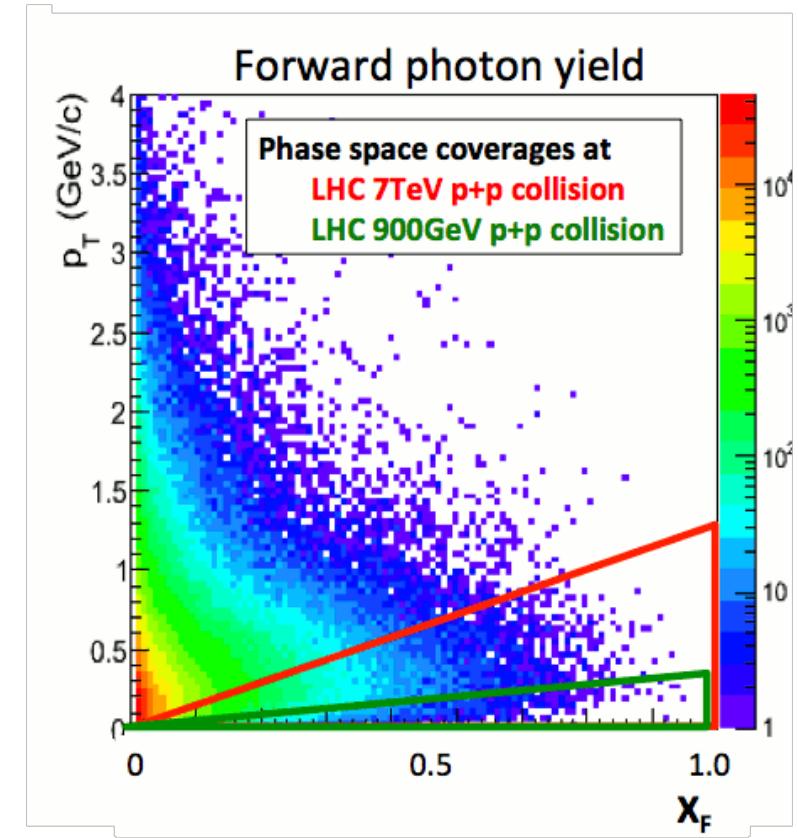
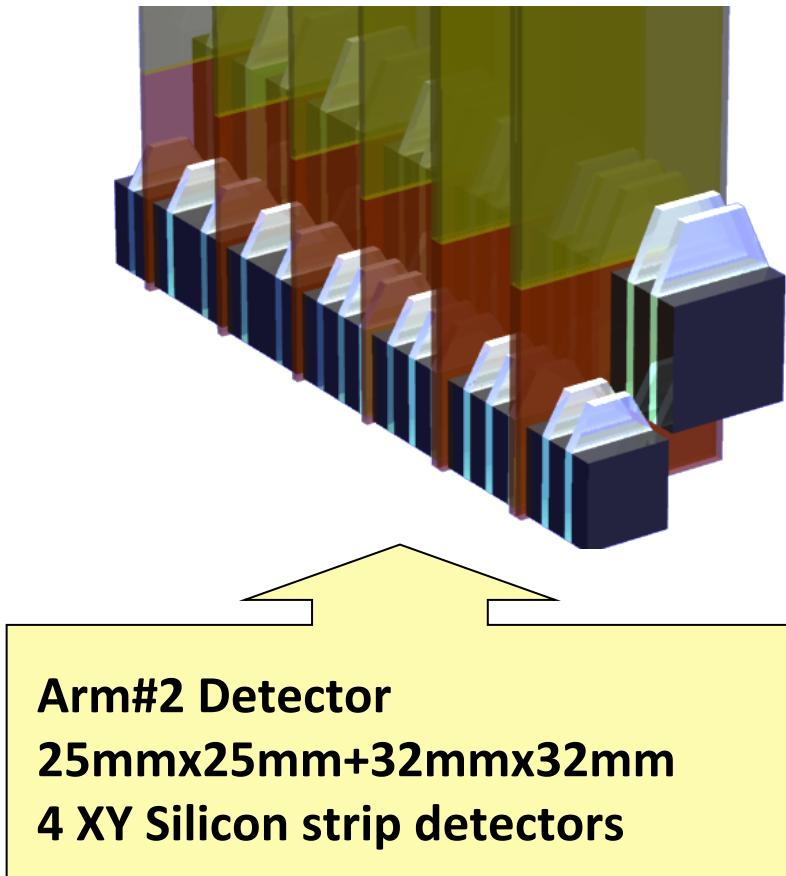
The LHC forward experiment



- All charged particles are swept by dipole magnet
- Neutral particles (photons and neutrons) arrive at LHCf
- 0 degree is covered
- Successfully operated at LHC 900GeV, 2.76TeV, 7TeV p+p collisions and 5TeV p+Pb collisions

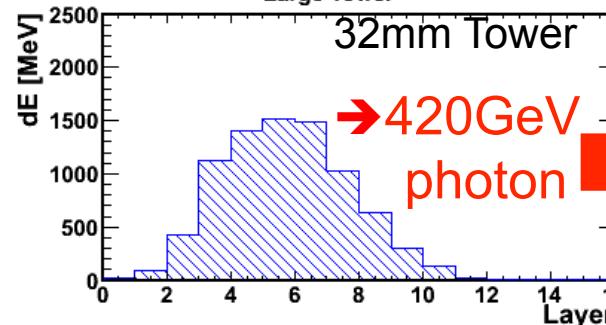
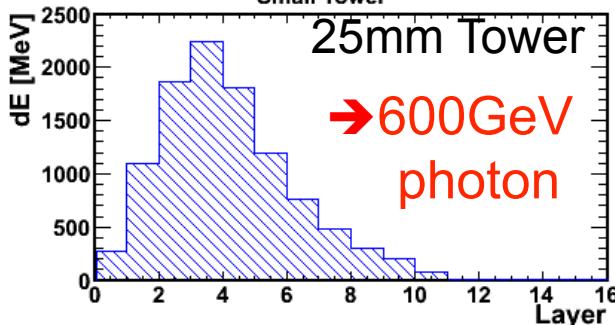
LHCf Arm2 Detector => RHICf Detector

- Imaging sampling shower calorimeters
- Two calorimeter towers
- Each tower has 44 r.l. of Tungsten, 16 sampling scintillators and 8 (4XY pairs) silicon strip sensors



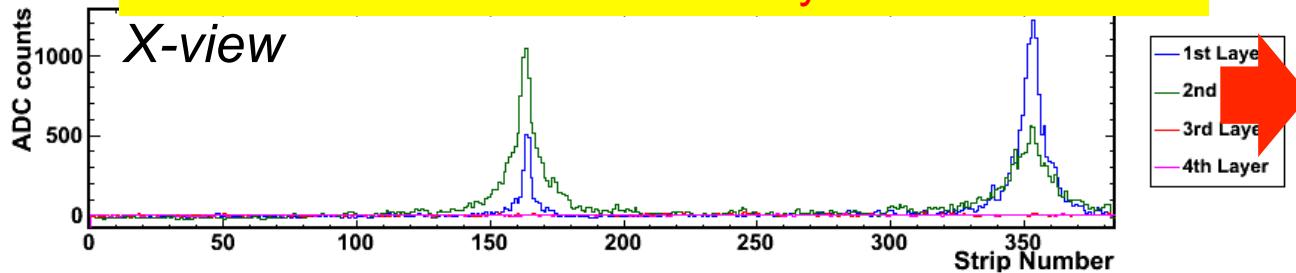
Event sample ($\pi^0 \rightarrow 2\gamma$) at LHC 7TeV p+p

Longitudinal development measured by scintillator layers

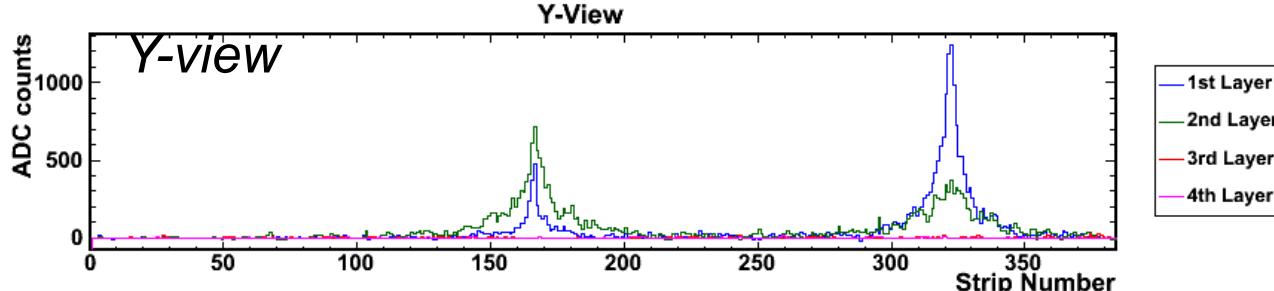


Total Energy deposit
→ Energy
Shape
→ PID

Lateral distribution measured by silicon detectors



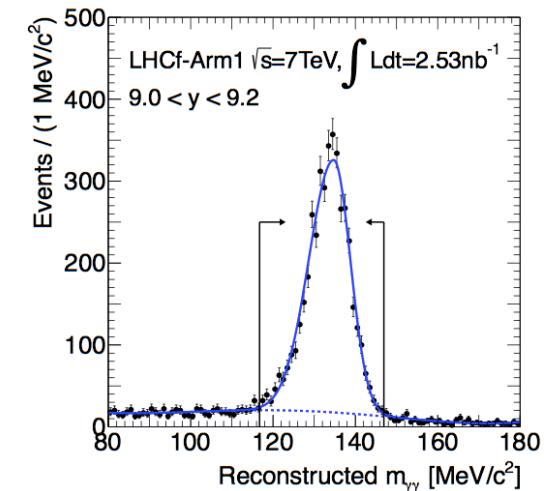
Hit position,
Multi-hit search.



π^0 mass reconstruction from two photon.

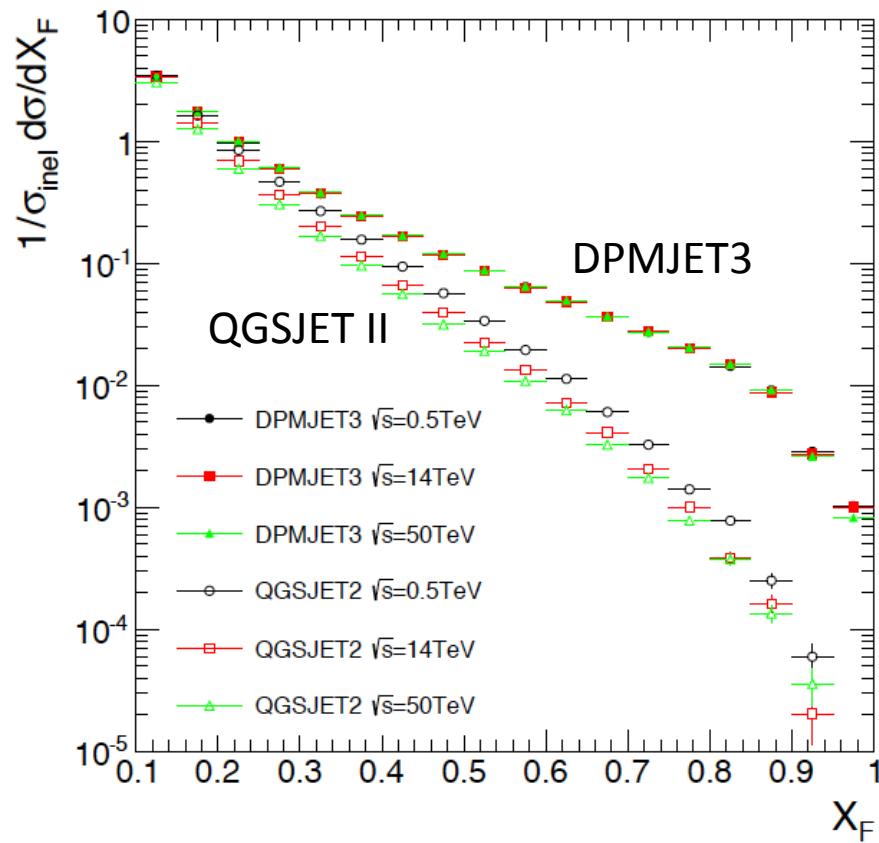
$$M_{\pi^0} = \sqrt{E_{\gamma_1} E_{\gamma_2}} \cdot \theta$$

Systematic studies

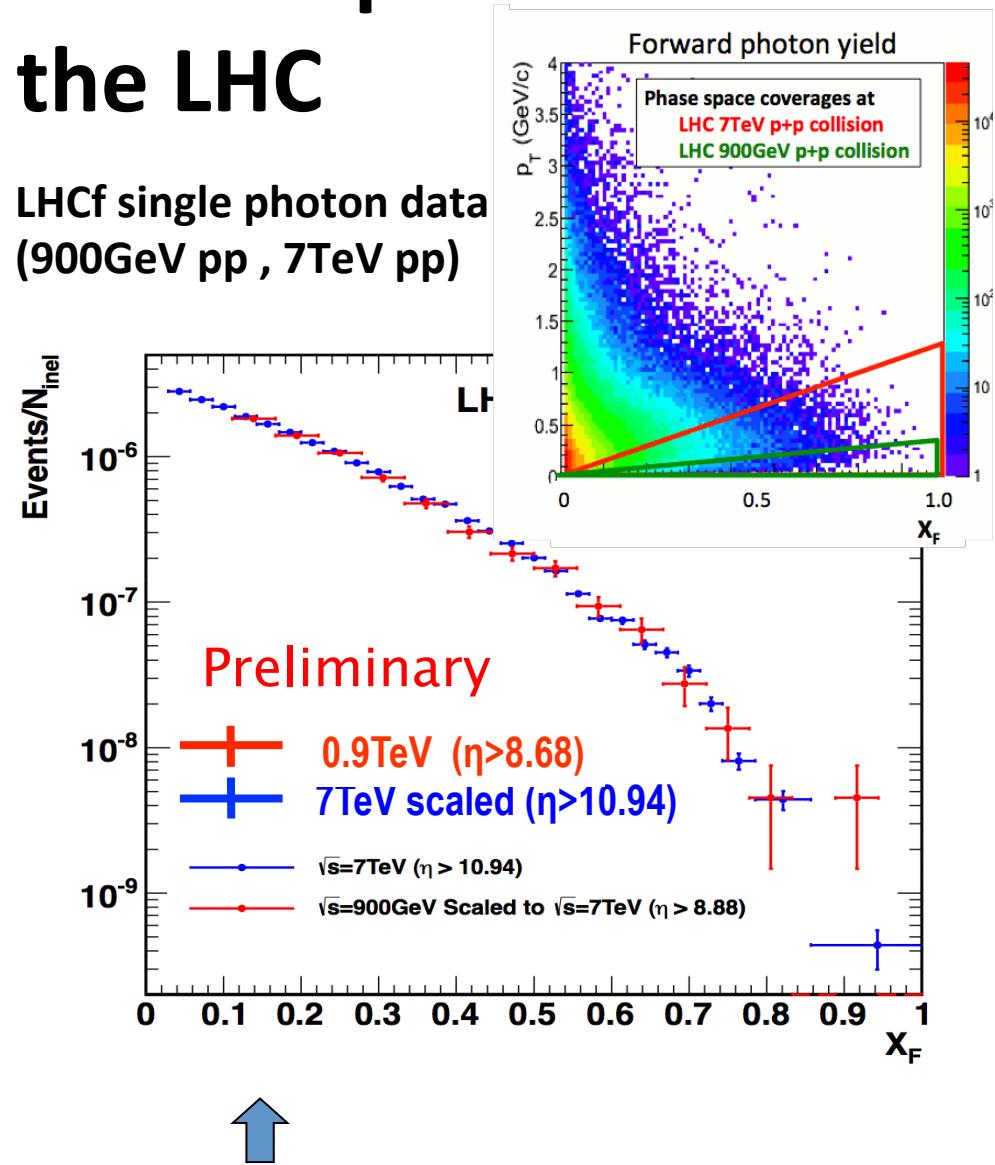


\sqrt{s} scaling : a key for extrapolation beyond the LHC

All π^0 expected from models
(0.5TeV, 14TeV and 50TeV)



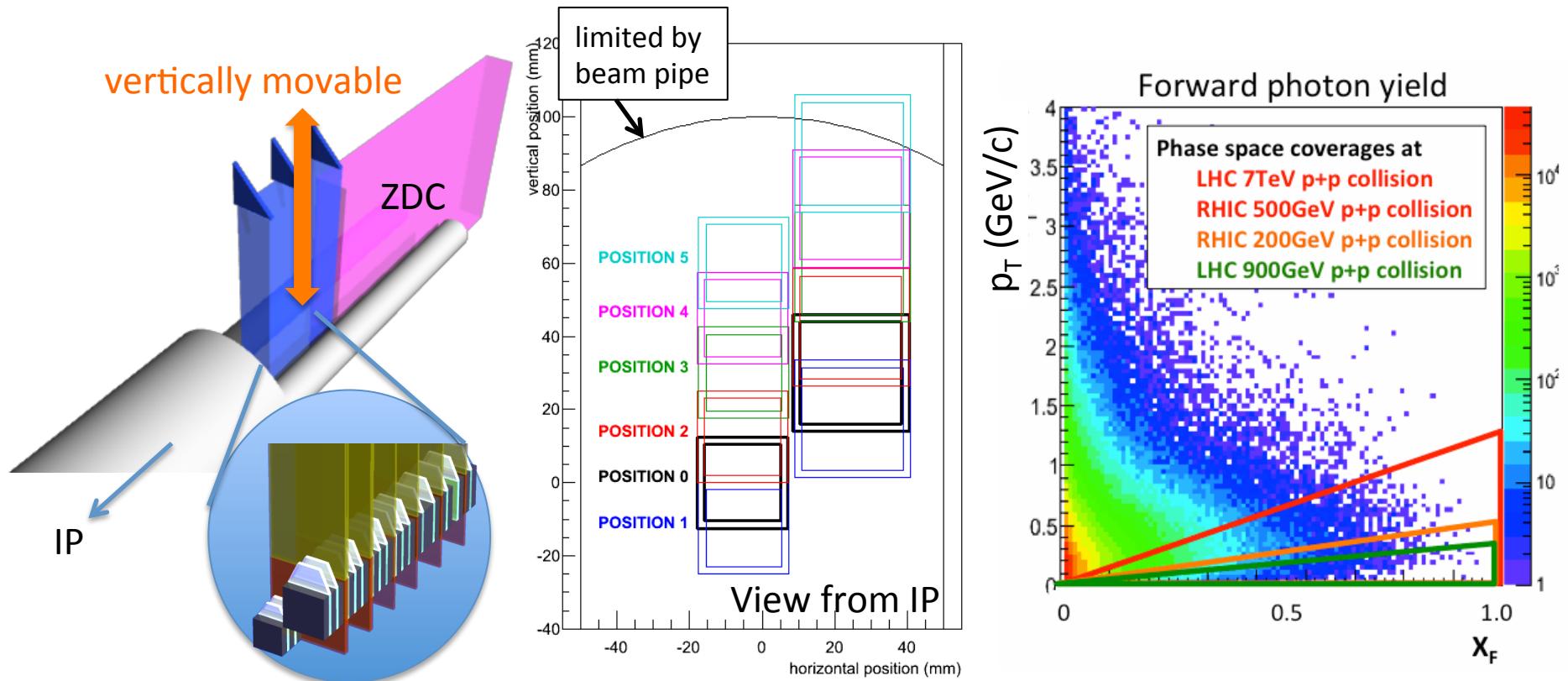
LHCf single photon data
(900GeV pp , 7TeV pp)



Comparison done in the very limited phase space of 900GeV collisions
(green triangle in the phase space plot)

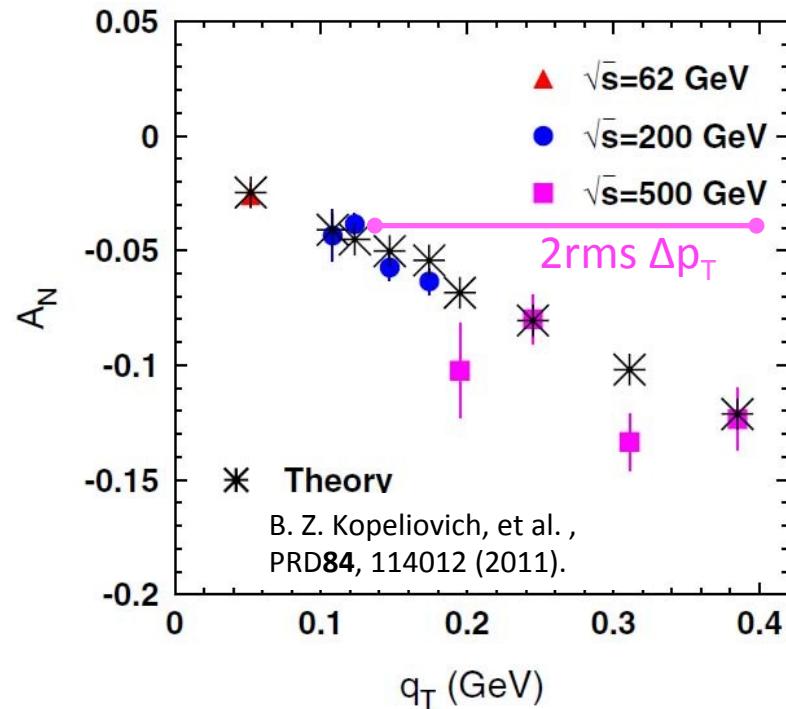
RHICf coverage

Installing the LHCf Arm2 detector at RHIC (PHENIX IP)



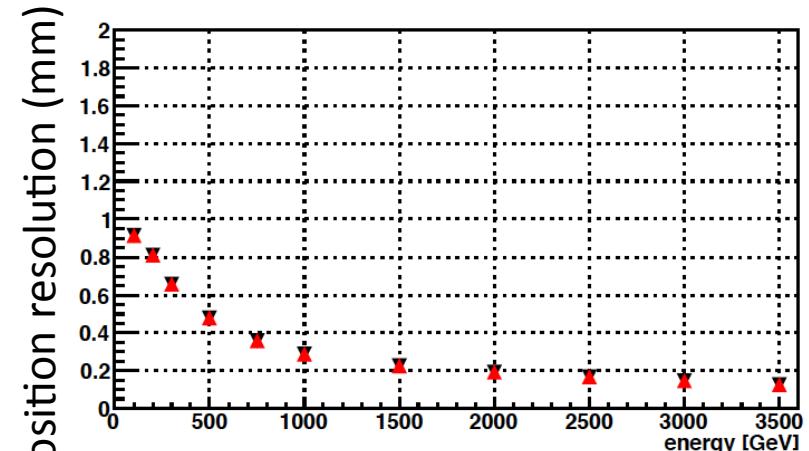
- Detector is moved up-down; wide p_T coverage and to avoid ZDC interference
- x_F - p_T coverage identical to LHC 7TeV collision
- Wider coverage and higher resolution in p_T than PHENIX ZDC+SMD measurements (joint analysis between ZDC and RHICf)

Spin asymmetry by PHENIX

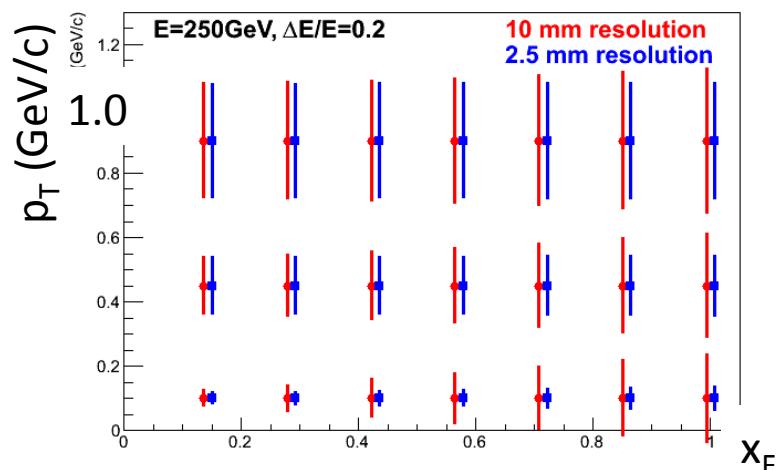


PHENIX result indicates p_T scaling in the neutron asymmetry

- Combination of RHICf and PHENIX ZDC can realize a wide p_T coverage with a higher resolution



RHICf position resolution
for hadronic showers



p_T resolution of ZDC+SMD
and ZDC+RHICf

RHICf beam condition proposal

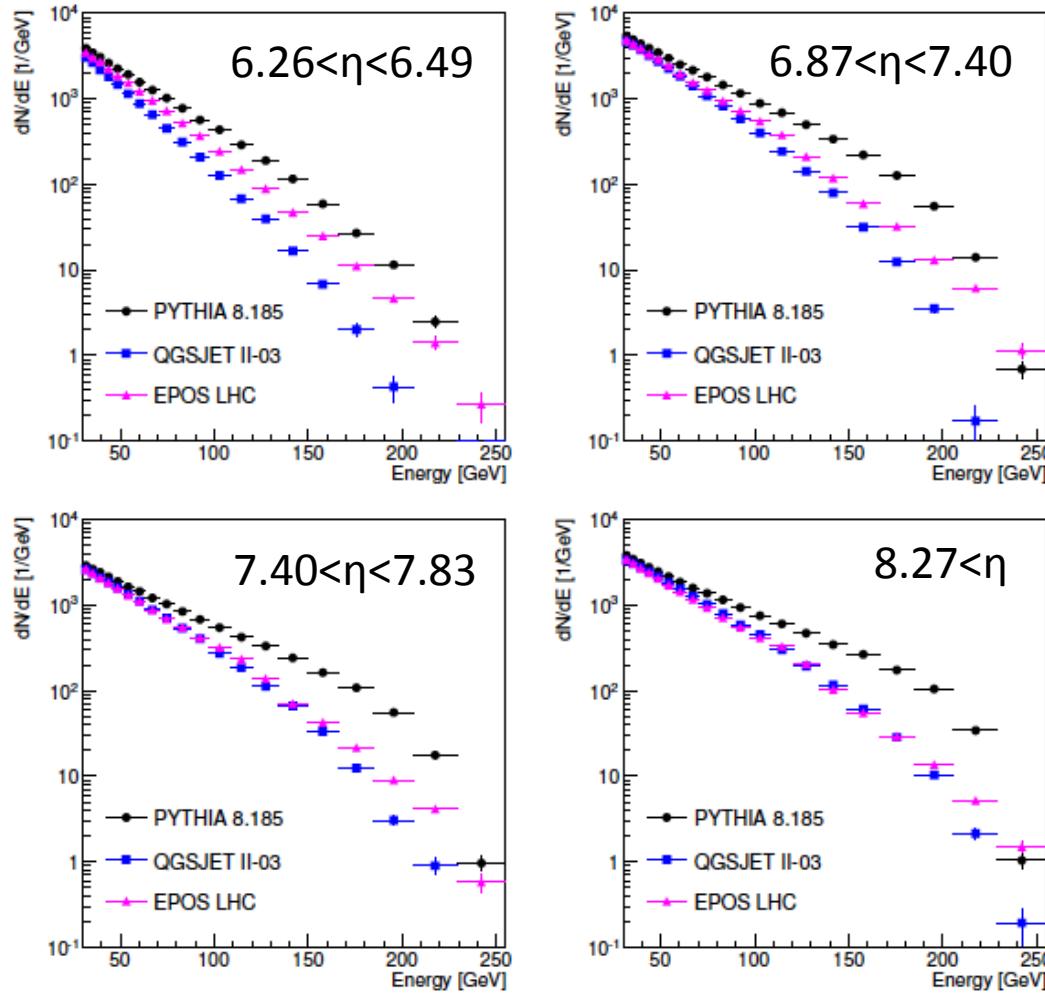
- Constraints
 - RHICf DAQ speed is limited to 1kHz
 - Collision pile up cannot be resolved
 - Small angular dispersion is preferred
- Beam Proposal
 - 510GeV p+p collisions
 - $\beta^* = 10m$
 - Radial (horizontal) polarization; 0.4-0.5
 - $\varepsilon = 20\text{mm mrad}$, $I_b = 2 \times 10^{11}$, $n_{b\text{-colliding}} = 100$, $n_{b\text{-noncolliding}} = 20$ (nominal)
- Operation
 - 1 day for physics and another day for contingency
 - π^0 (double tower event) enhanced and single shower prescaled triggers are used simultaneously
 - Trigger exchange with PHENIX
 - Stay at the garage position not to interfere ZDC when RHICf does not take data

Beam setup time

“RHIC Collider Projection (FY2014–FY2018) version 6 April 2014”

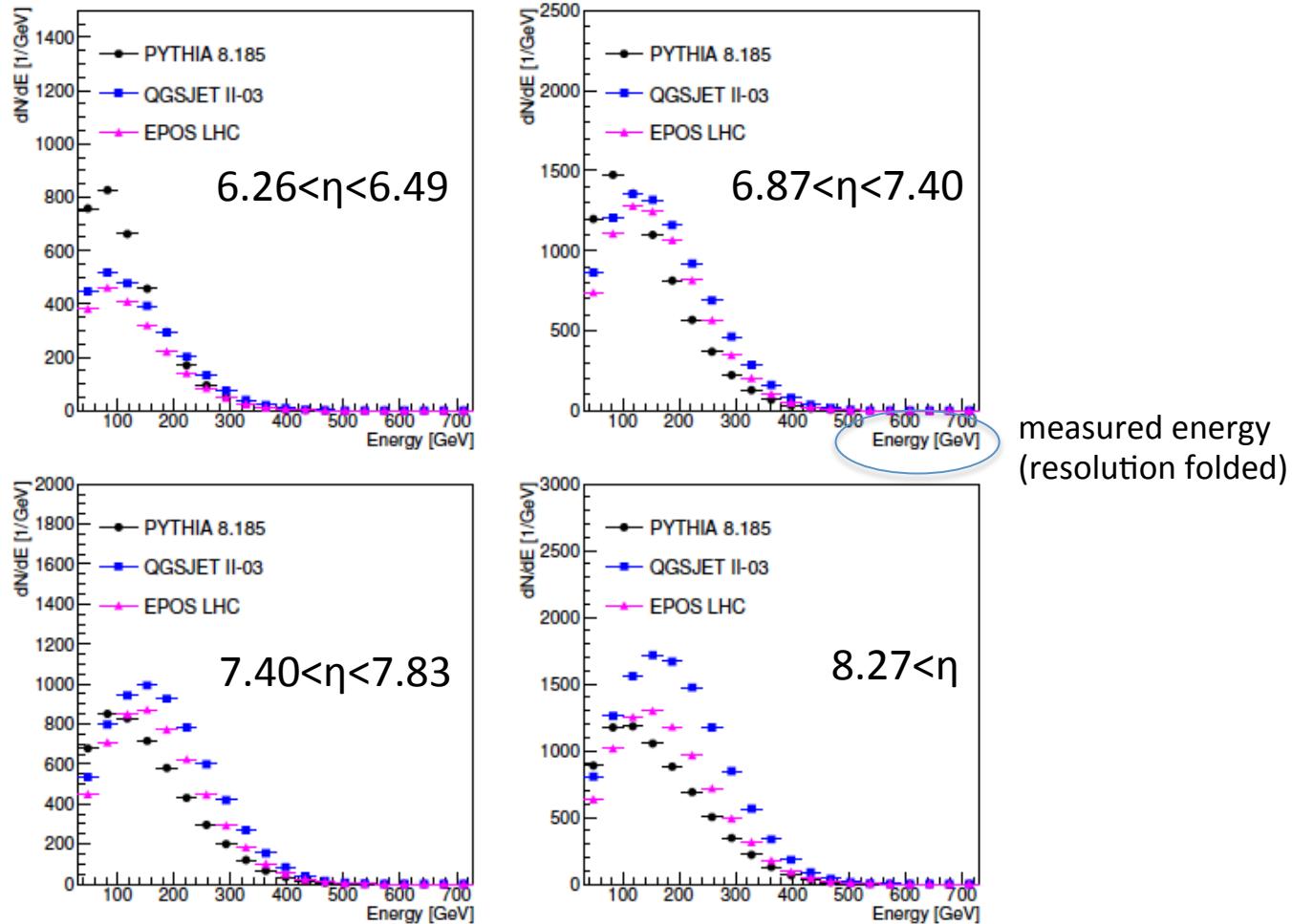
- Previous mode: polarized protons at the same energy
 - 1 day of setup is needed
 - expected polarization is the same as in the previous running mode
- Previous mode: polarized protons at different energy preferred case
 - 2 days of setup are needed
 - some reduction in the proton intensity per bunch
 - expected polarization at 255 GeV is up to 55%
- Previous mode: heavy ions
 - 4-5 days of setup are needed
 - reduction in the proton intensity per bunch by up to 30%
 - expected polarization at 255 GeV is up to 50%
 - since the polarimeters also need commissioning time, the polarization measurements will have a large error

Expected Results (single photons)



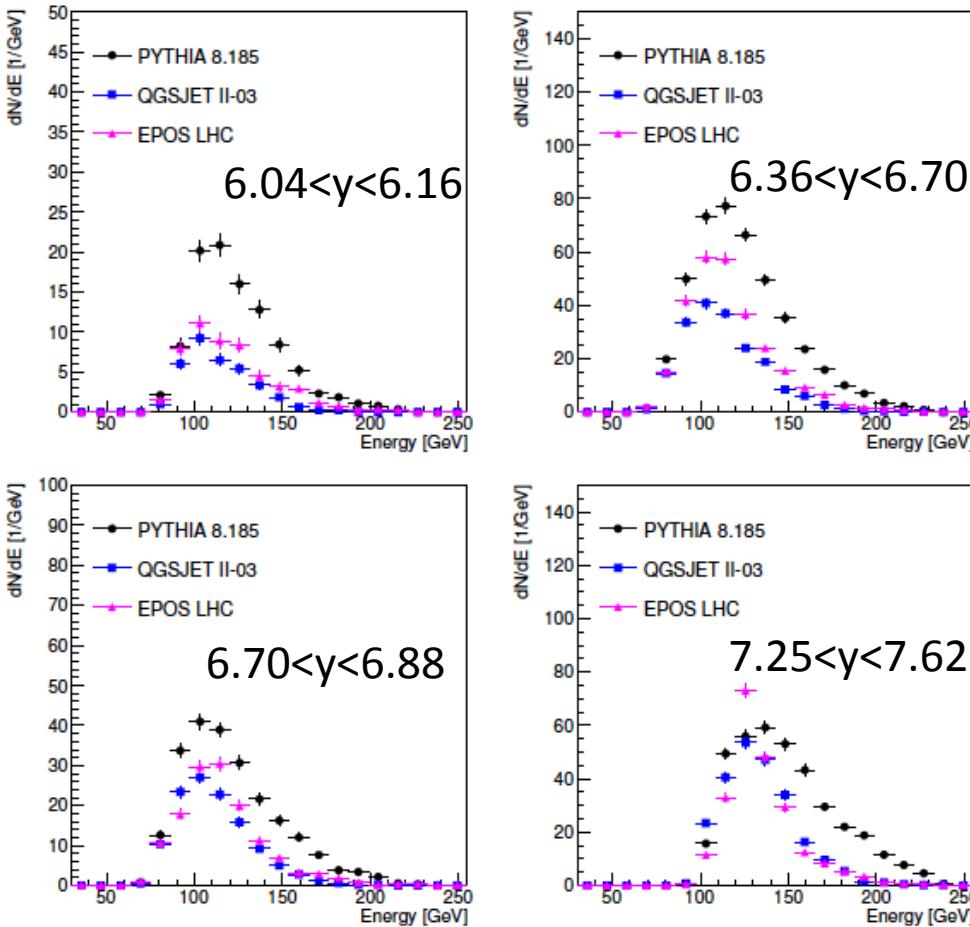
- Photon spectra at 4 rapidity samples
- 12 hours statistics (12 nb⁻¹ effective luminosity; 360nb⁻¹ delivered)
- Statistical error is almost negligible except at the highest energy bins

Expected Results (single neutrons)



- Neutron spectra at 4 rapidity samples
- 12 hours statistics (12 nb^{-1} effective luminosity; 360nb^{-1} delivered)
- RHICf resolution taken into account, but ZDC joint analysis not considered
- Statistical error is almost negligible

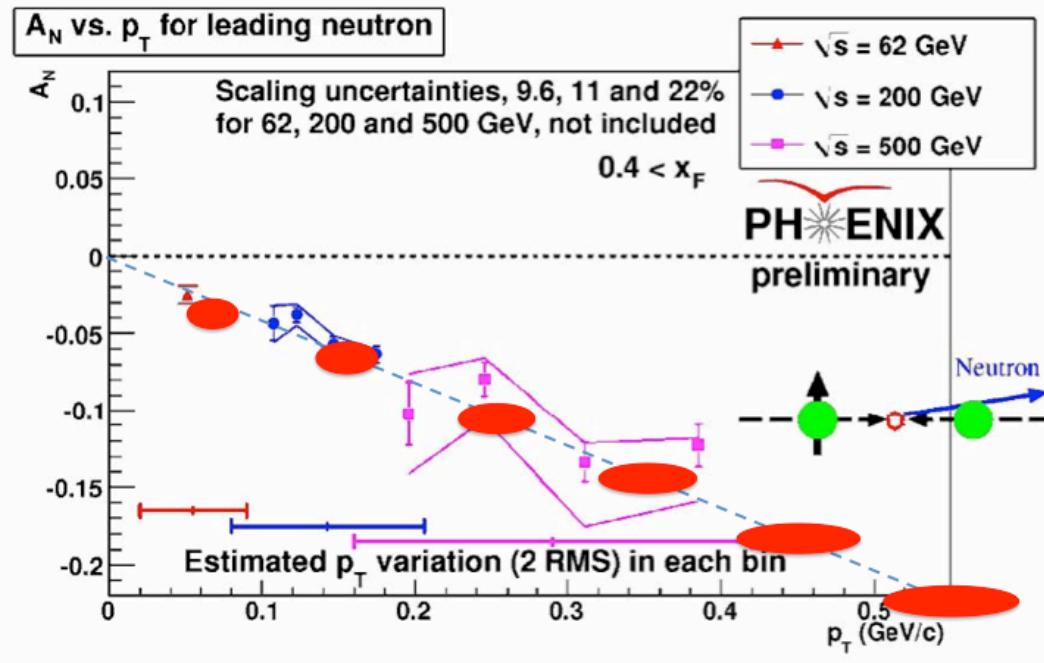
Expected Results (π^0)



- π^0 spectra at 4 rapidity samples
- $< 60\text{GeV}$ not detectable due to large opening angle of $\gamma\gamma$
- 24 min statistics (12 nb^{-1} effective luminosity; 12 nb^{-1} delivered)
- Statistical error will be negligible with a reasonable run time

Expected Results (asymmetry)

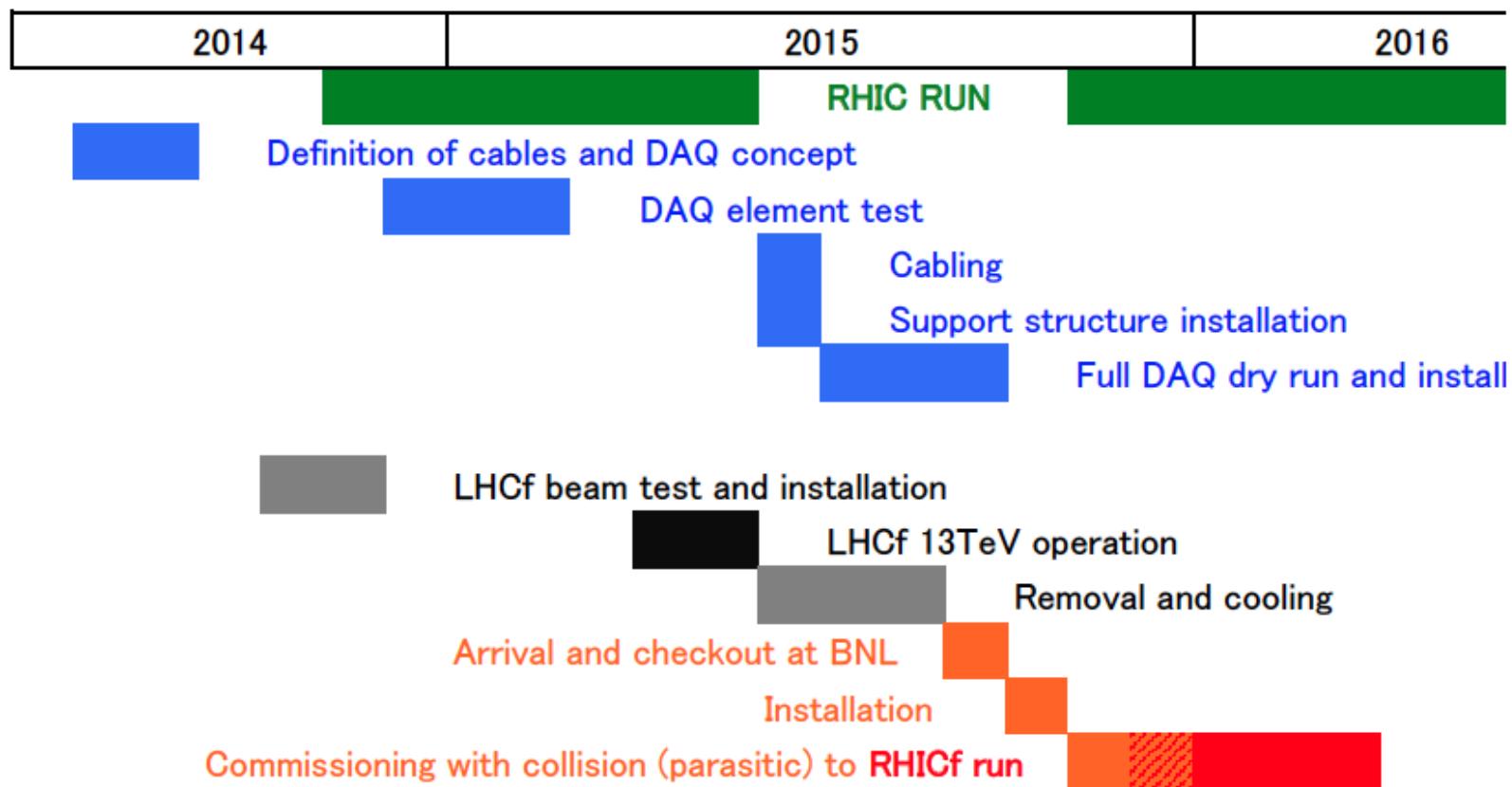
p_T (GeV/c)	neutron $N(\times 10^3)$	δA	photon $N(\times 10^3)$	δA	π^0 $N(\times 10^3)$	δA
0.0 – 0.1	660	0.0025	110	0.0060	100	0.0063
0.1 – 0.2	920	0.0021	120	0.0058	130	0.0055
0.2 – 0.3	820	0.0022	110	0.0060	89	0.0067
0.3 – 0.4	670	0.0024	79	0.0071	58	0.0083
<u>0.4 – 0.5</u>	<u>450</u>	<u>0.0030</u>	<u>43</u>	<u>0.0096</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>0.010</u>
0.5 – 0.6	250	0.0040	18	0.015	14	0.017
0.6 – 0.8	170	0.0049	8	0.022	8	0.022
<u>0.8 – 1.0</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>0.012</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>0.063</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>0.063</u>



- single-spin asymmetry; statistics expected by PYTHIA 8
- 12 hours for single particles (10^8 collisions at each position)
- 4 hours for π^0 (10^9 collisions at each position)
- Same dataset as the spectral analysis
- RHICf+ZDC p_T resolution and $\pm 1\%$ errors are plotted over PHENIX result

Schedule

- LHCf Arm2 detector will be removed from LHC in June 2015 (weak radio activation is expected)
- Detector will arrive at BNL in 2015 autumn
- RHICf run in RUN16



Technical discussions on going

(Discussions at BNL in 19-20 May)

- Cabling
 - Normal and shortcut routes from ZDC to PHENIX rack room are in consideration
 - Some power supplies will be installed near ZDC
- Detector support
 - Available space for installation will be surveyed in this summer
- Clock and timing signal
 - Will be provided from PHENIX
- Trigger exchange with PHENIX
 - RHICf -> PHENIX is the base idea
 - Sharing the PHENIX clock counter to identify the common events

Expected supports from BNL/PHENIX

- Manpower for cabling
- Construction and installation of the support structure
- Transportation, installation and geometrical survey of the detector (and mockup for test this procedure)
- Support for the custom process from CERN/ Italy/Japan to BNL

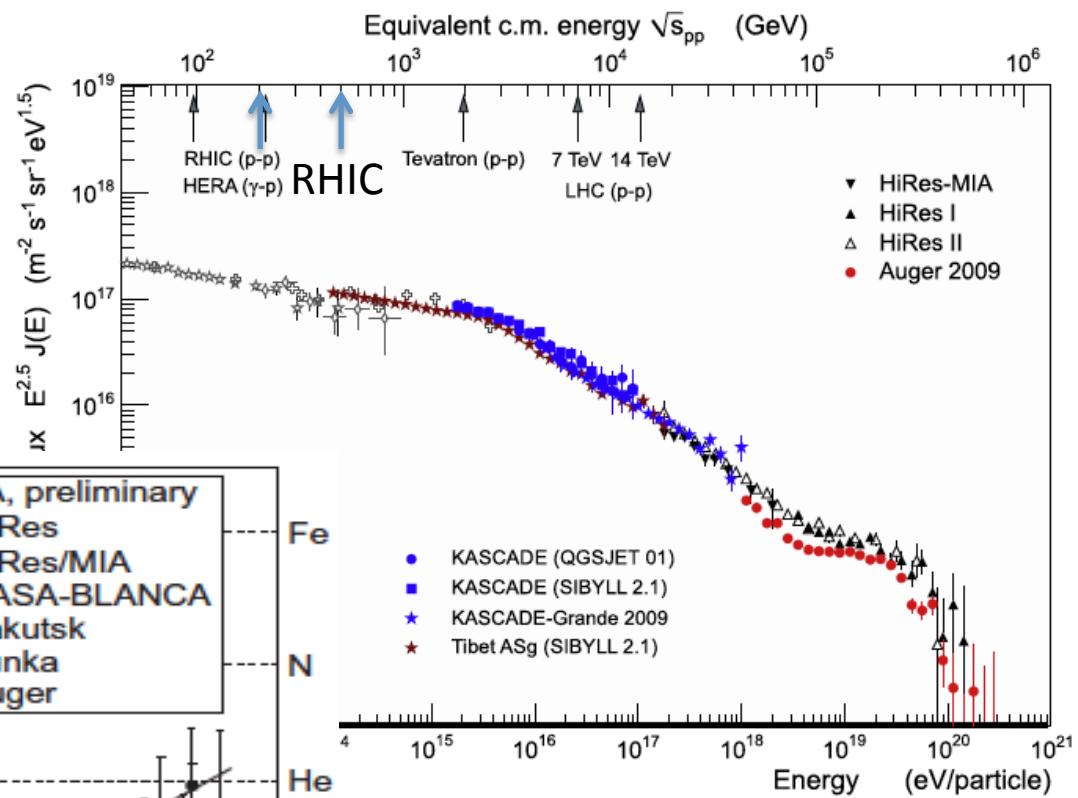
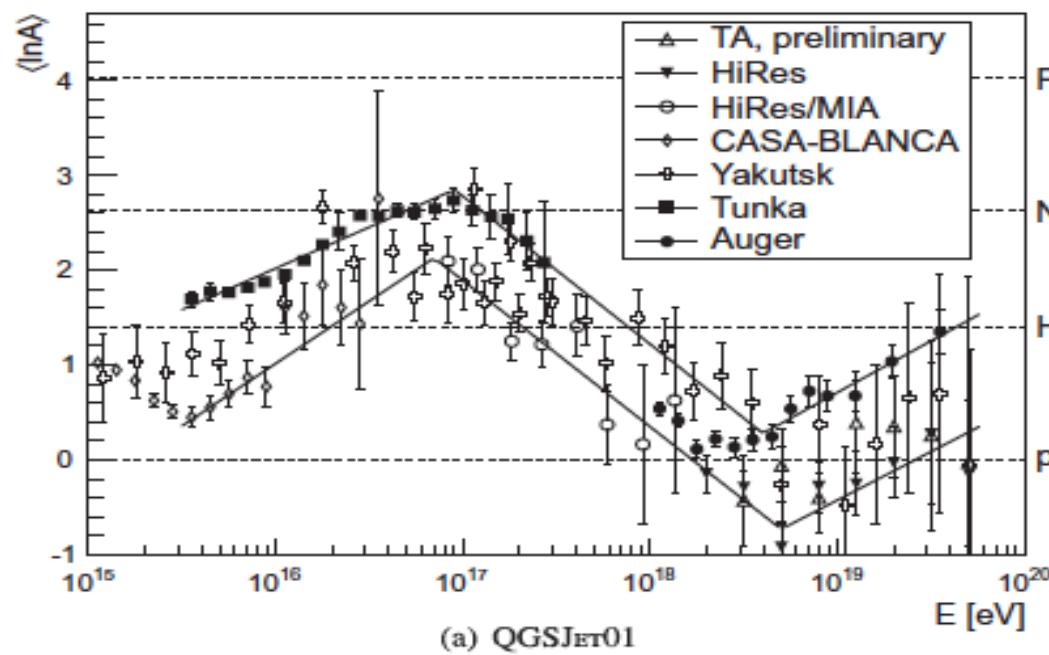
Summary

- RHICf is motivated
 - to calibrate cosmic-ray air shower interaction models in wide \sqrt{s} combined with LHC data
 - to measure the spin asymmetry of forward particle production in more detail
- Using the LHCf Arm2 detector, the experiment will be operational in RUN16
- 510GeV p+p collisions, radial polarization and $\beta^*=10\text{m}$ (other parameters nominal) provide sufficient statistics in 1 day of operation
- Another day for contingency and 1-5 days of beam setup time are requested
- Technical details such as cabling, mechanical structure, clock and timing signals and trigger exchange with PHENIX are already in discussion

Backup

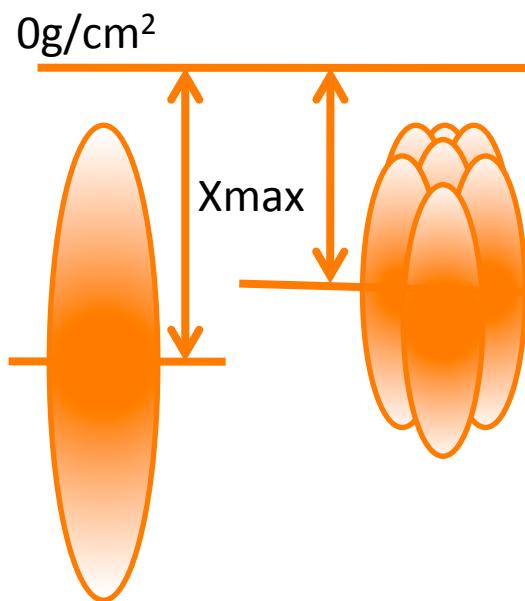
Recent progress on UHECR observation

D'Enterria et al., APP,
35,98-113, 2011

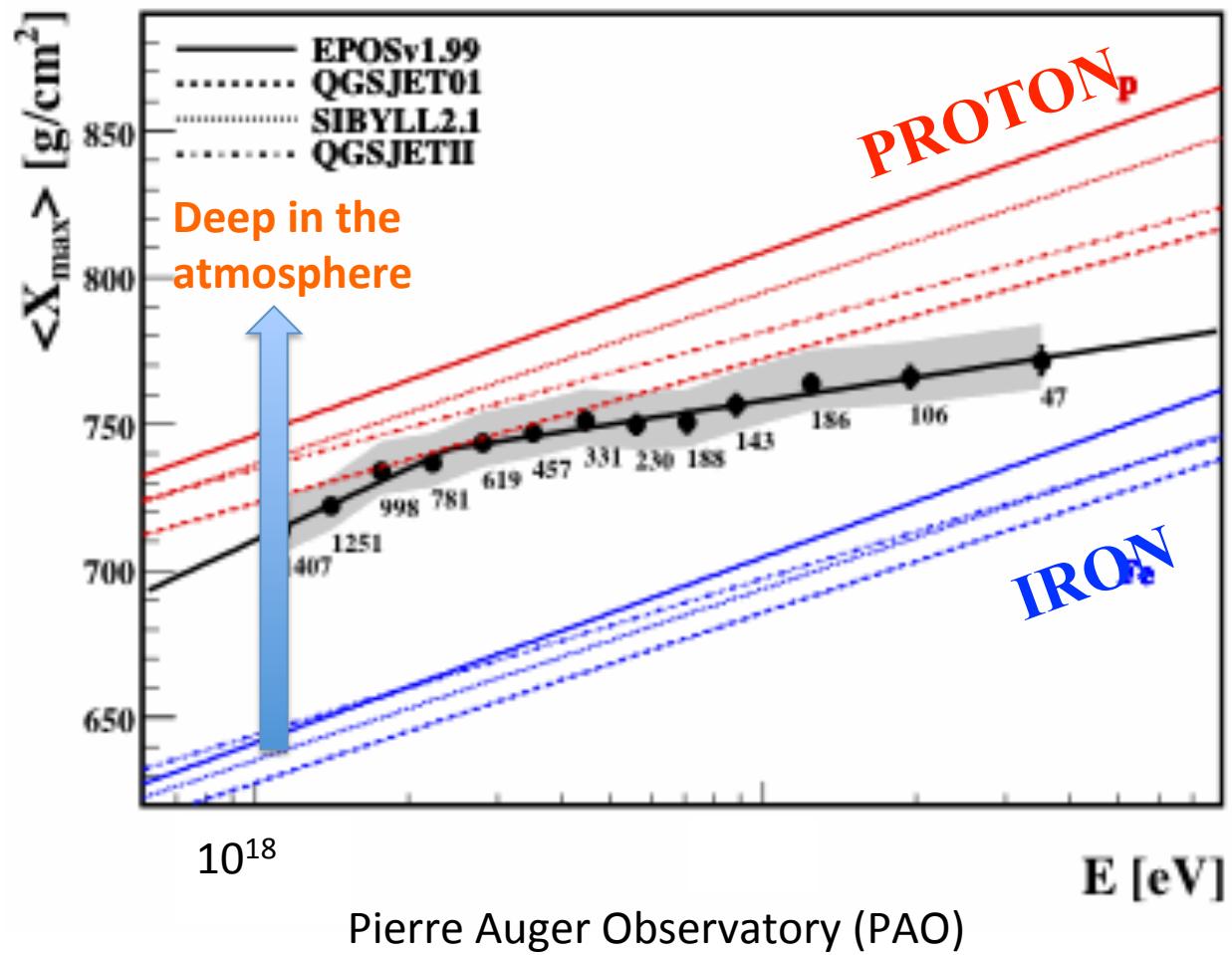


Kampert and Unger, APP., 2012

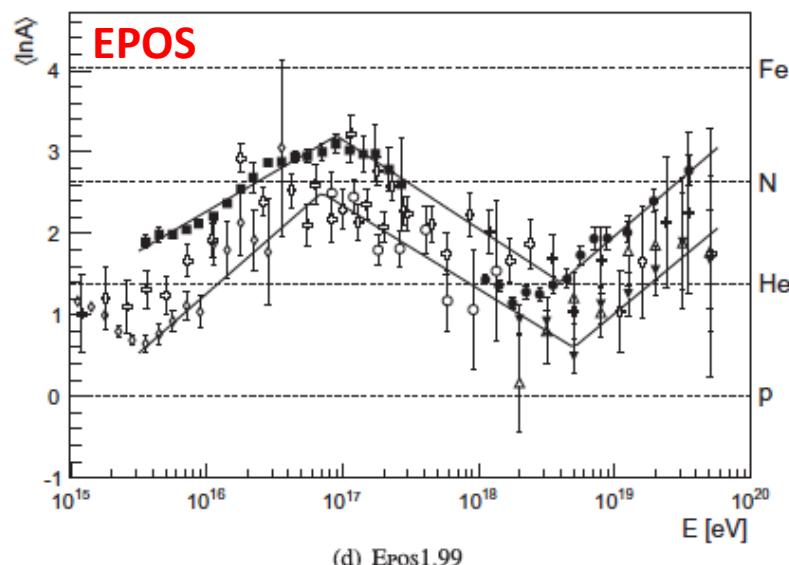
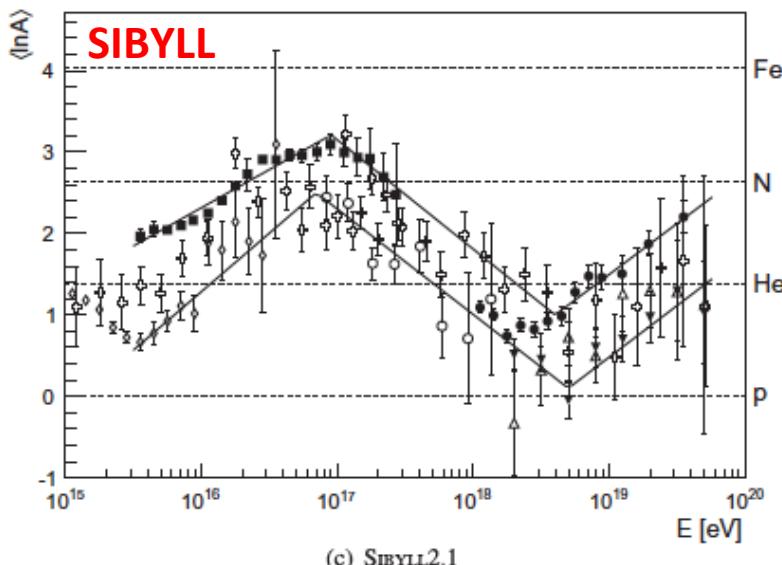
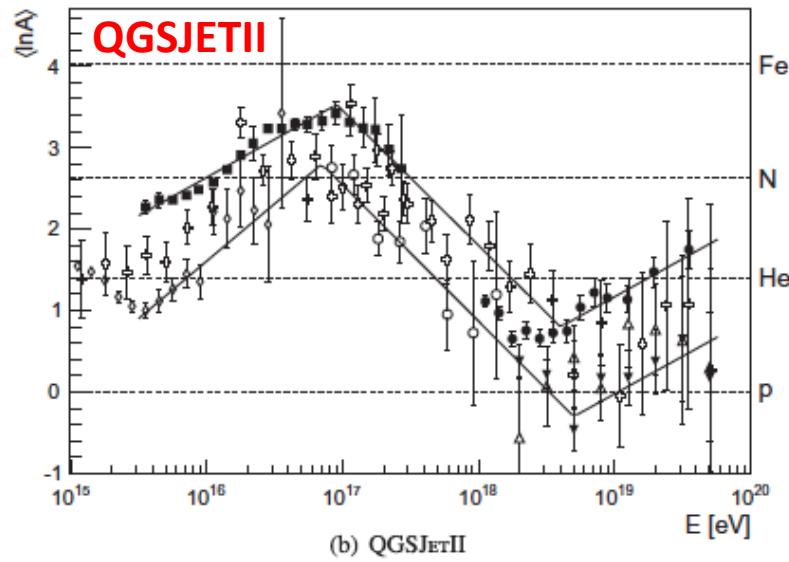
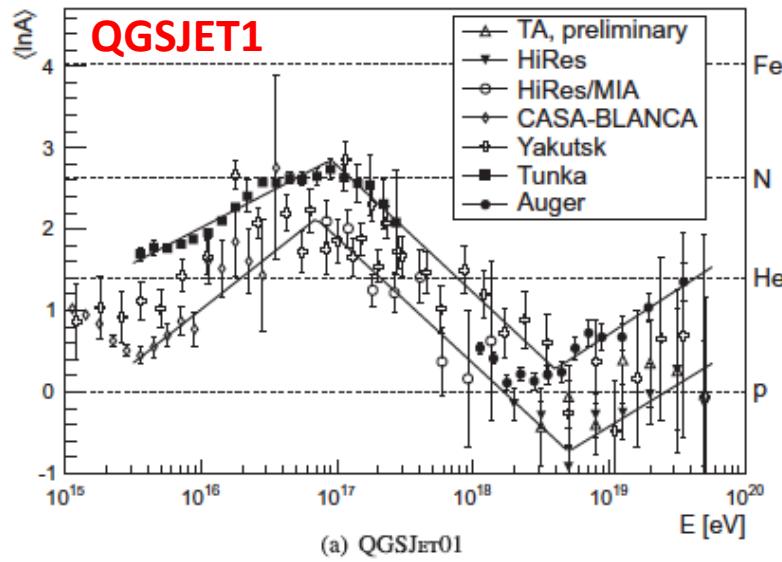
Uncertainty in hadronic interaction



Proton shower and nuclear shower of same total energy



AS Interpretation depends on the hadronic interaction model ₂₅

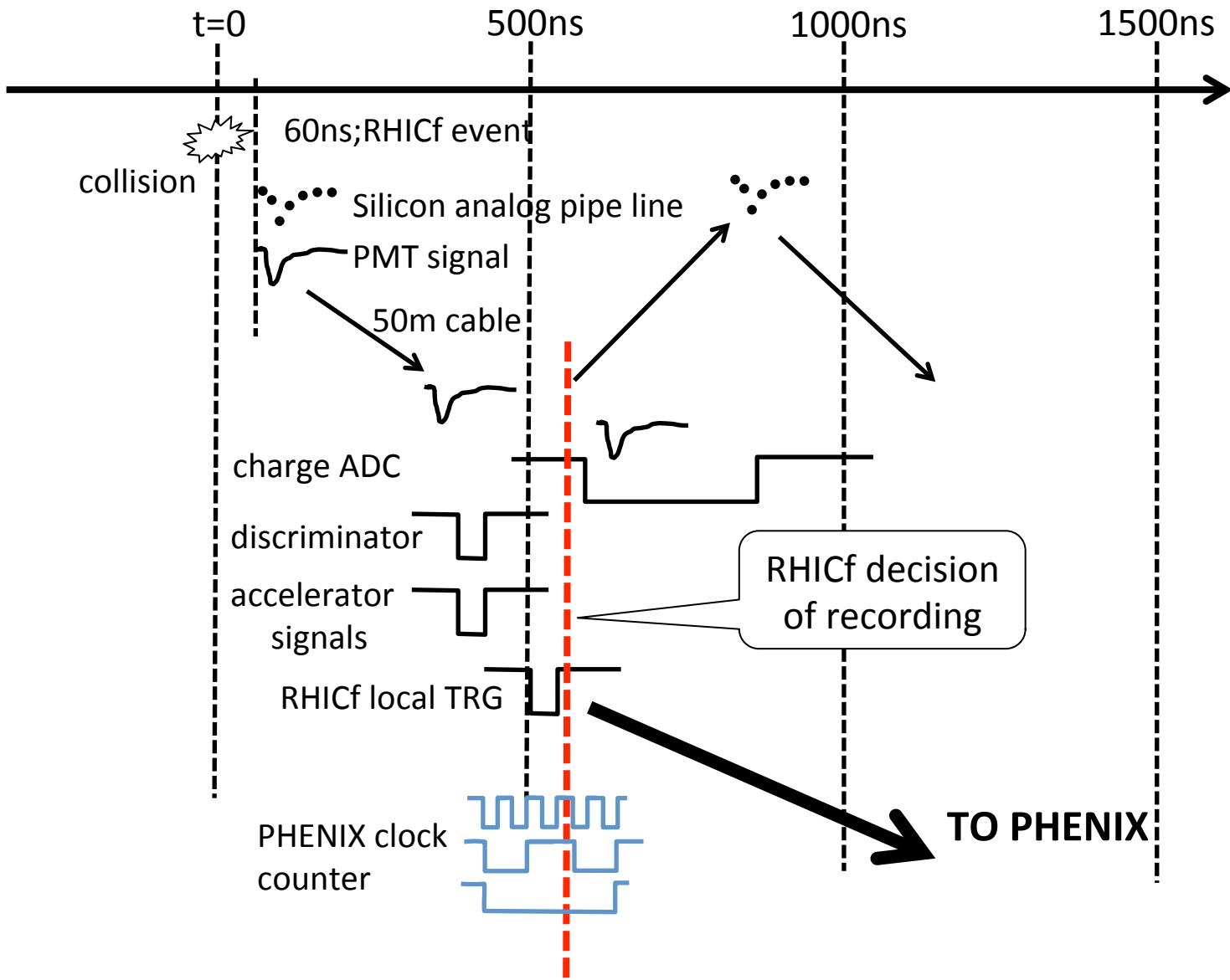


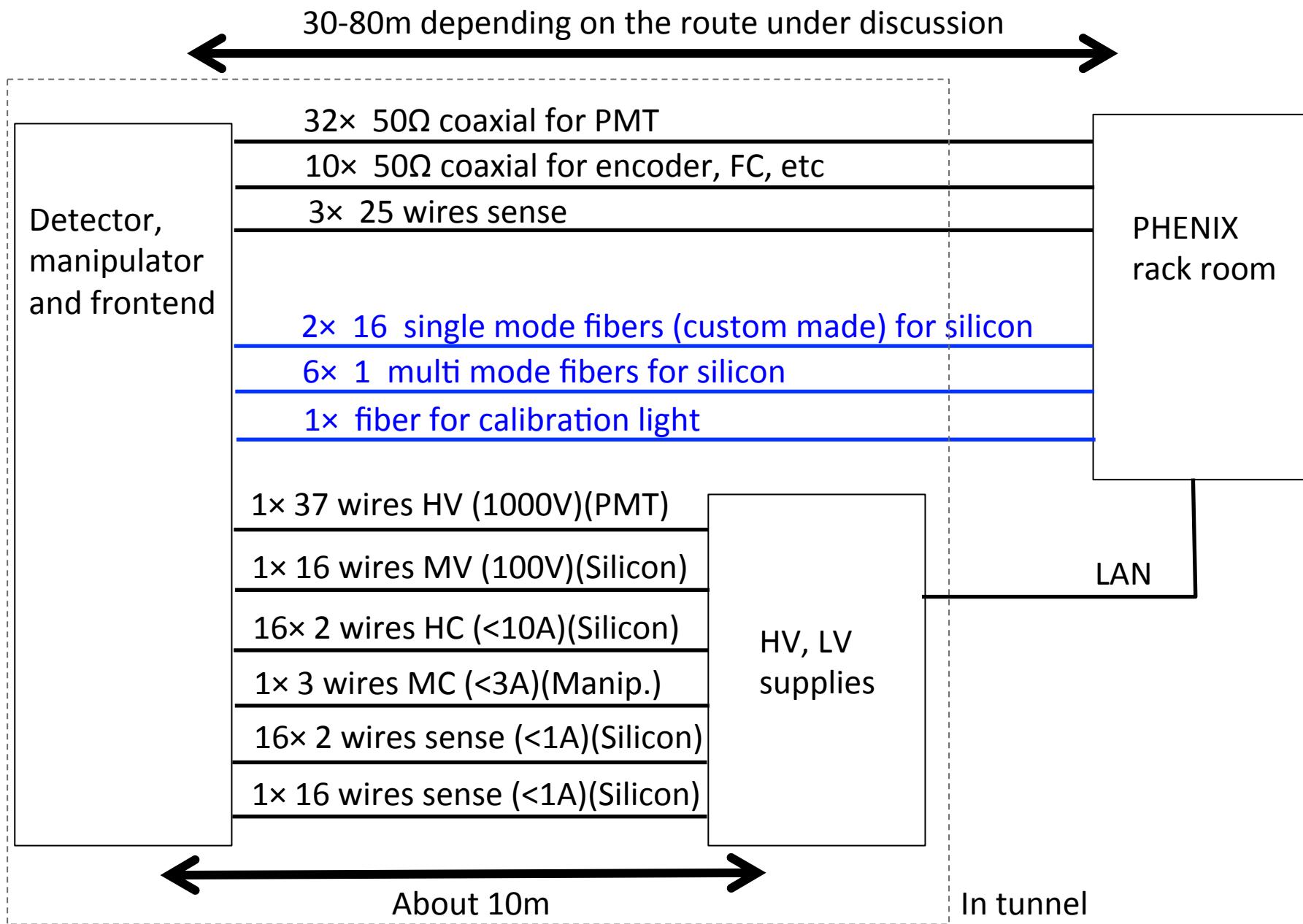
(Kampert and Unger, Astropart. Phys., 2012)

AS Interpretation depends on the hadronic interaction model

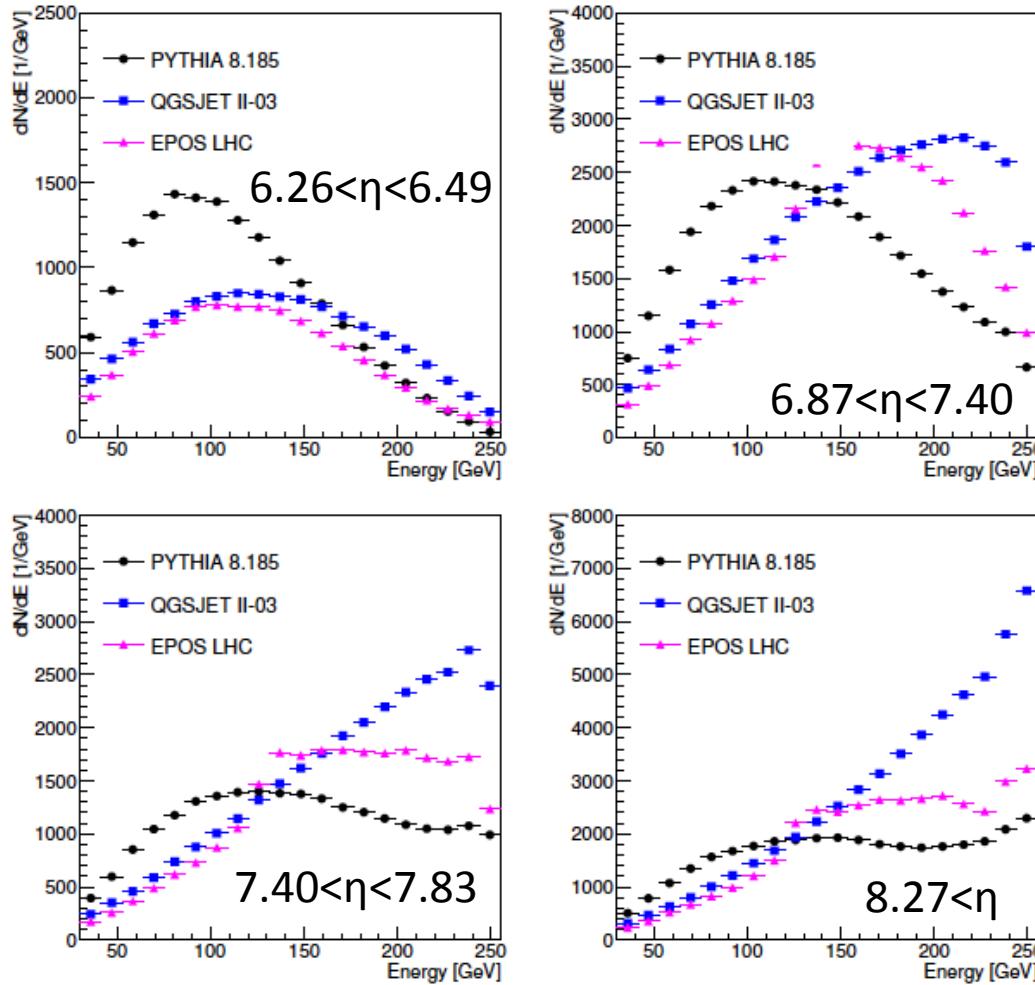
Requested Beam Condition

Parameter	Value
Beam energy (GeV)	255
Beam intensity (protons per bunch)	2×10^{11}
Number of colliding bunch	100
Number of non-colliding bunch	20
Beam emittance (mm mrad)	20
β^* (m)	10
Luminosity ($\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$)	1.1×10^{31}
Polarization direction	radial
Polarization amplitude	0.4–0.5
Operation time	1 day





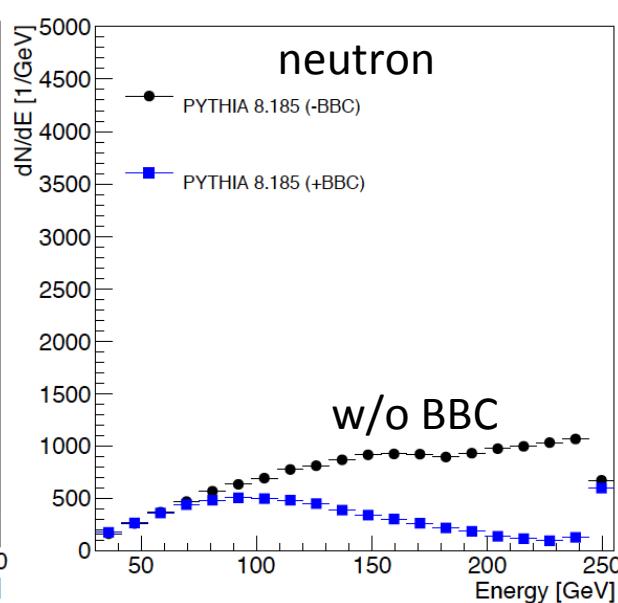
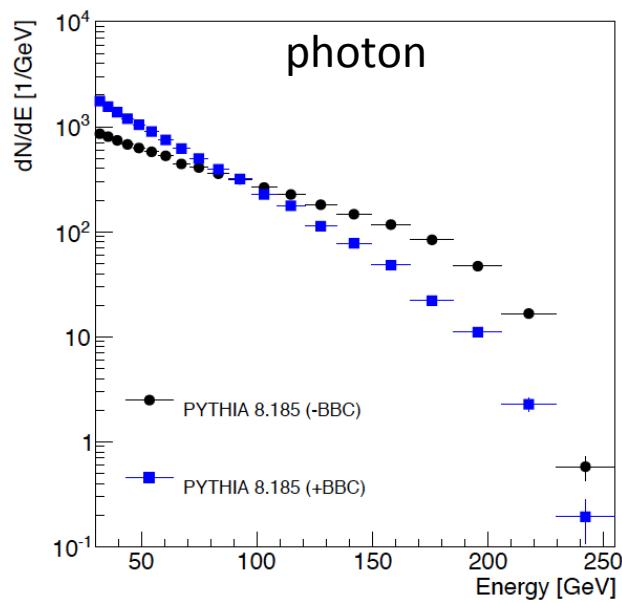
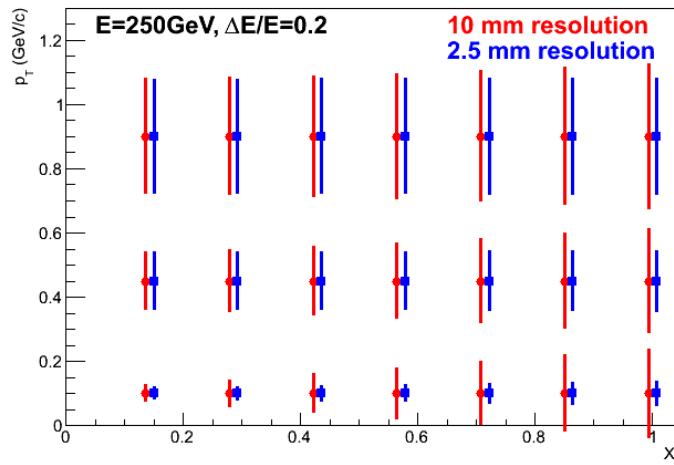
Expected Results (single neutrons)



- Neutron spectra at 4 rapidity samples
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- RHICf resolution not considered; true spectra
- Statistical error is almost negligible

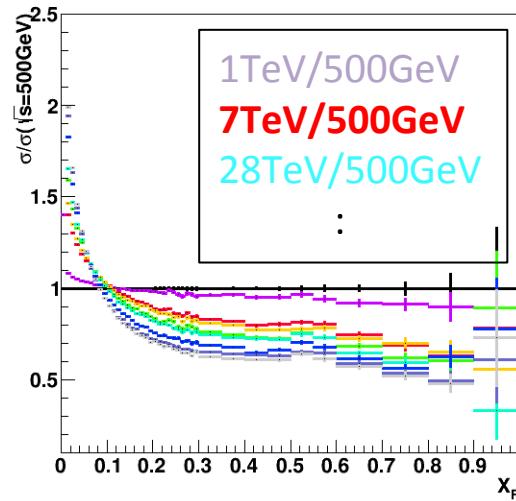
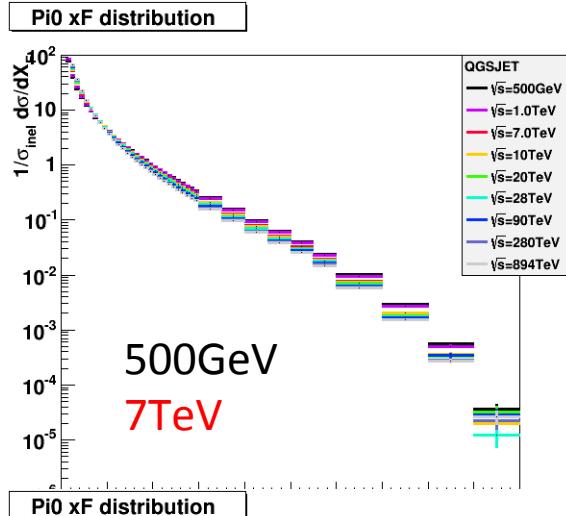
RHICf+PHENIX

Higher p_T resolution
 p_T resolution of **ZDC+SMD**
 and **ZDC+RHICf**



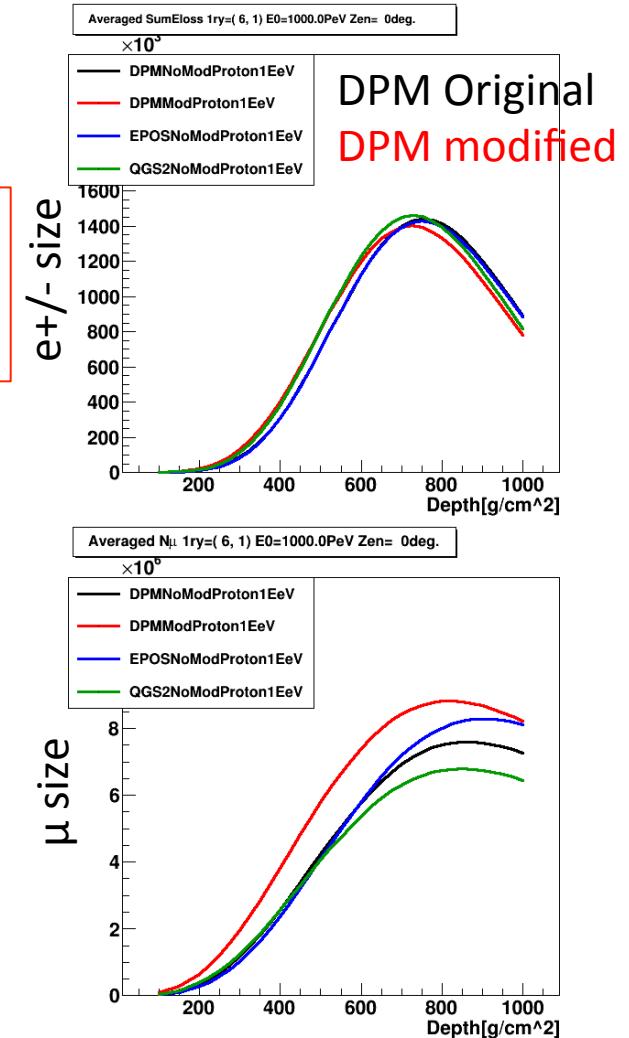
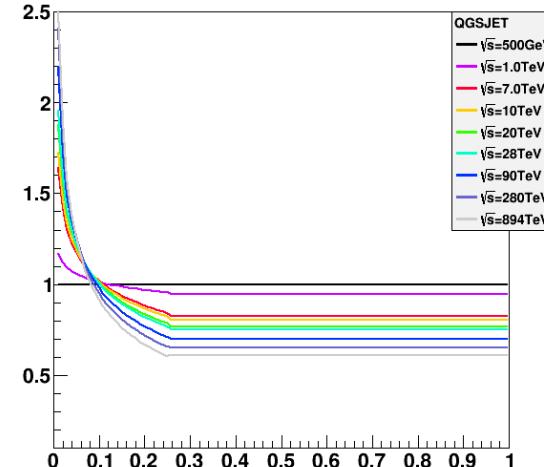
BBC Correlation (diffraction ID)
 photon and neutron spectra with/without BBC tagging (PYTHIA8)

Scaling violation and Air shower (on going study)

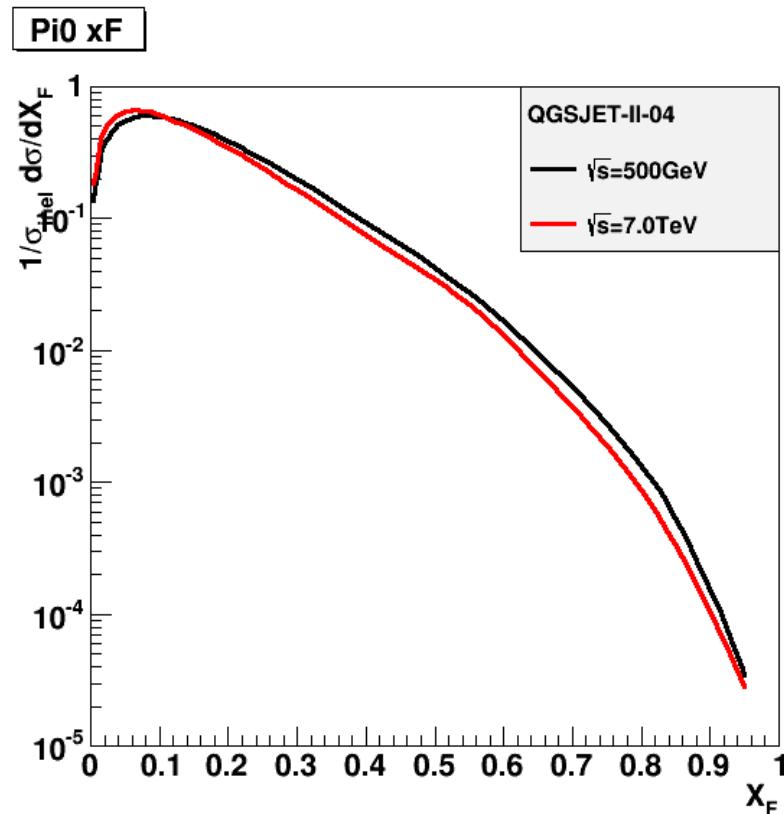


QGSJET II-04 π^0

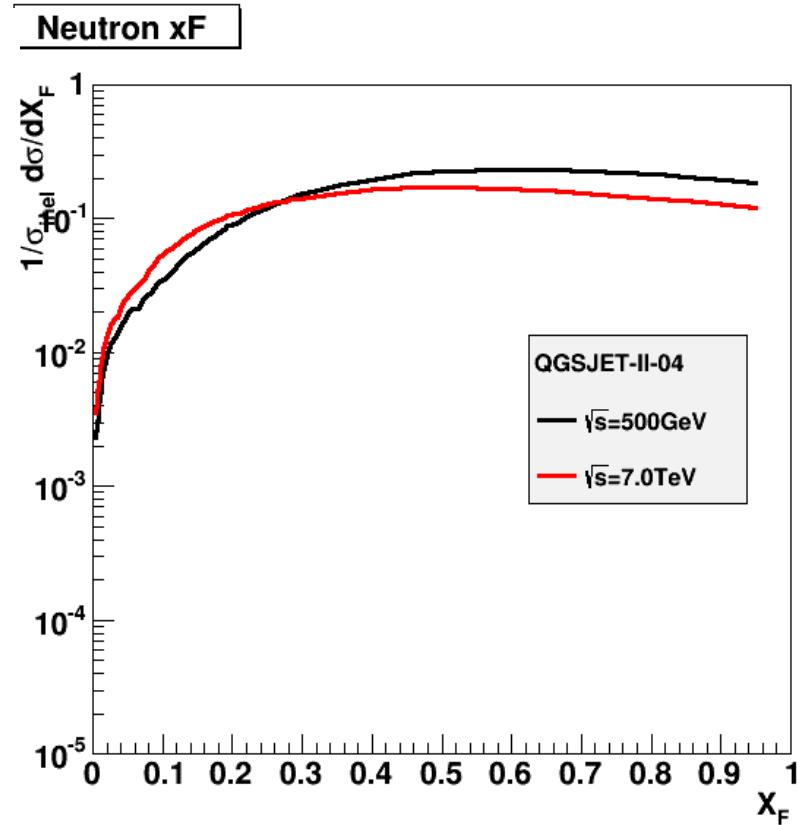
Artificial scaling-violation
function applied to DPMJET3
(perfect scaling model)



Scaling and Forward spectra



QGSJET II-04 π^0 in the RHICf, LHCf acceptances



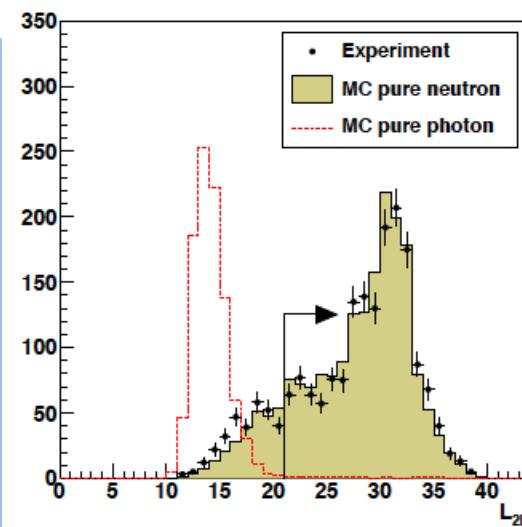
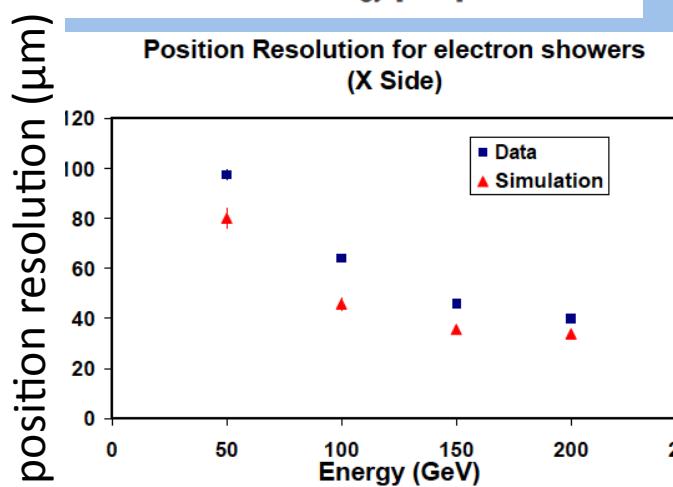
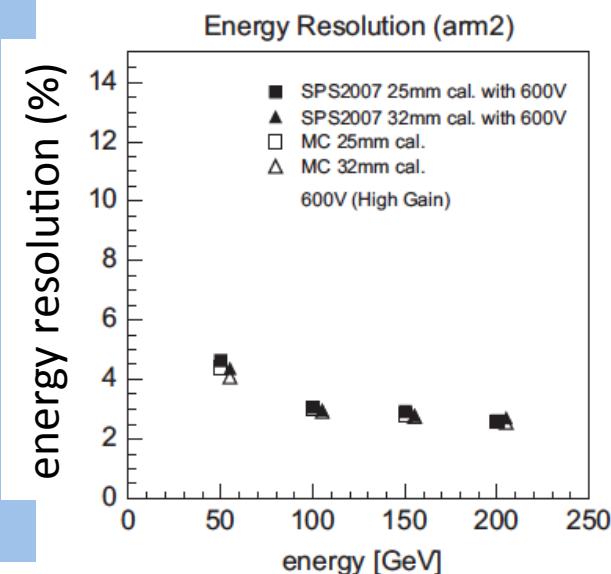
QGSJET II-04 neutron in the RHICf, LHCf acceptances

*LHCf Arm2 (RHICf)
detector performance*

PID (SPS energy)

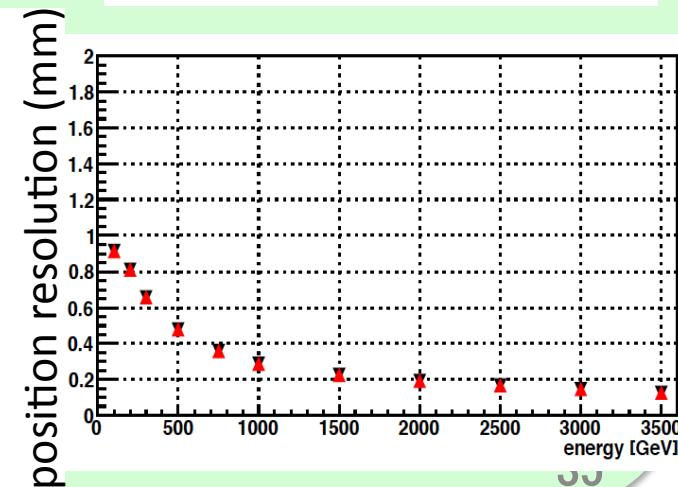
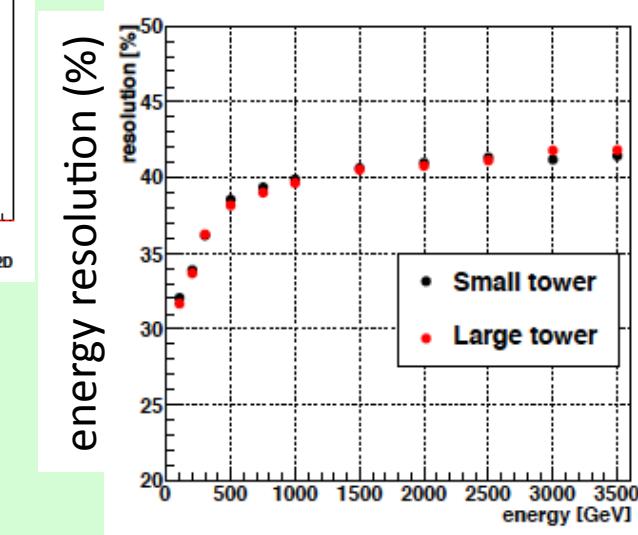
EM shower (SPS)

NIM, A671 (2012) 129-136
JINST, 5, P01012, 2010



Hadronic shower (LHC MC)

JINST, 9, P03016 (2014)



LHCf Results

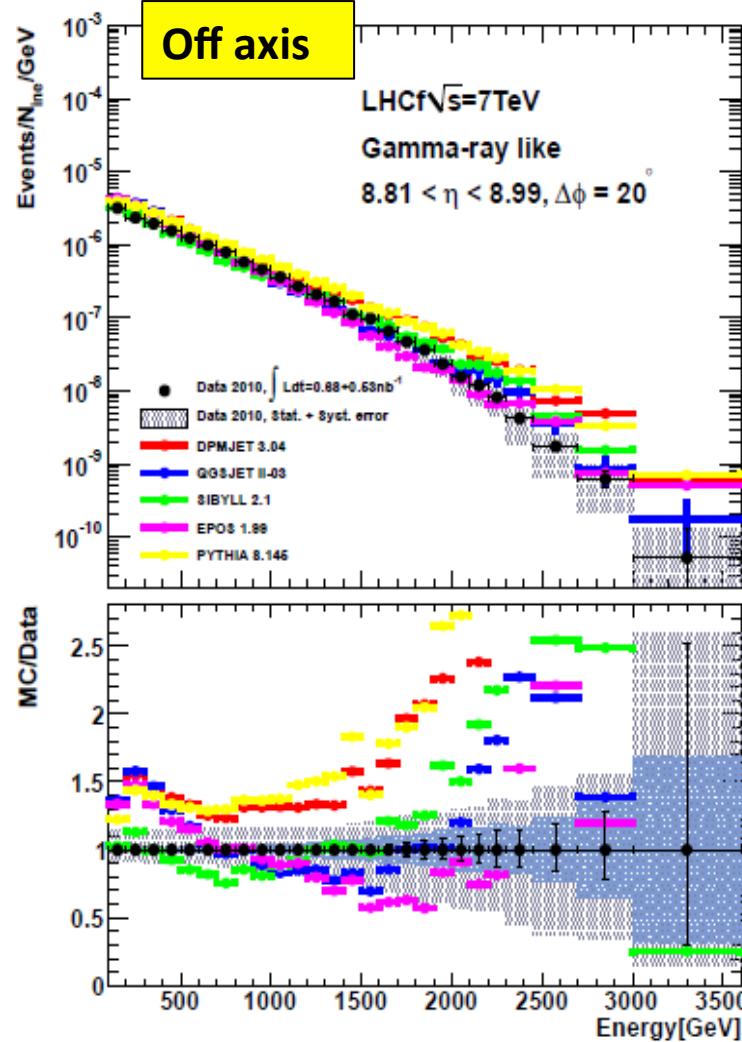
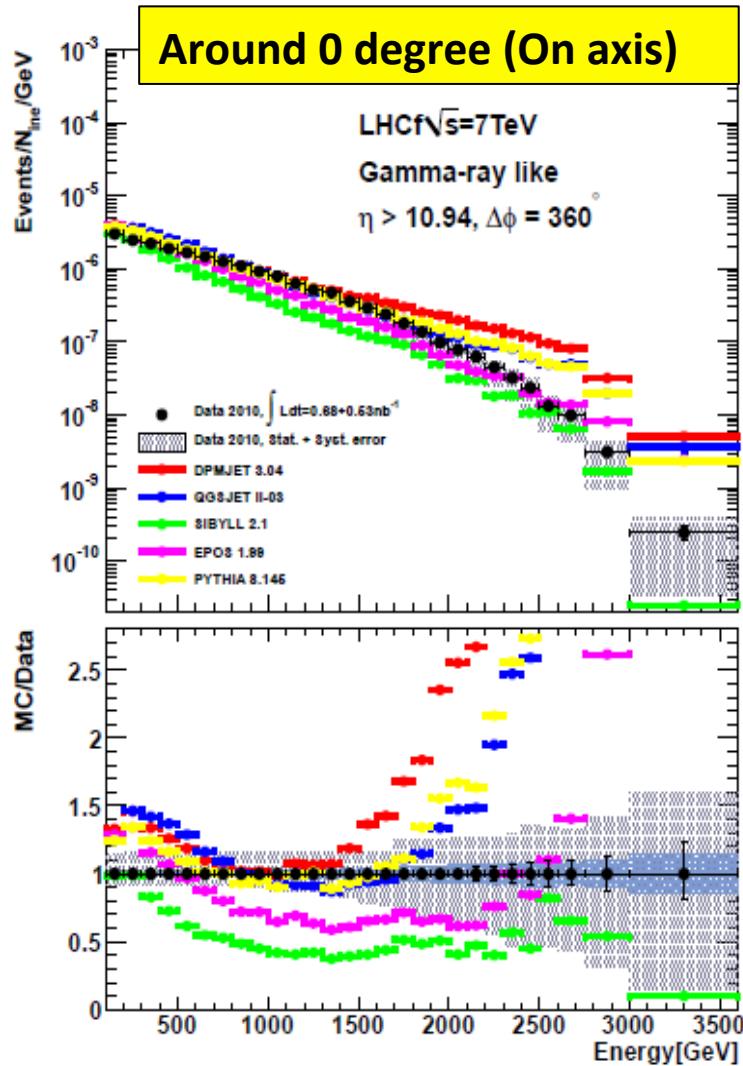
Publication Summary

	Photon (EM shower)	Neutron (hadron shower)	π (EM shower)
Test beam at SPS	NIM. A 671, 129–136 (2012)	JINST, 9, P03016 (2014)	
p-p at 900GeV	Phys. Lett. B 715, 298-303 (2012)		
p-p at 7TeV	Phys. Lett. B 703, 128–134 (2011)	to be submitted soon	Phys. Rev. D 86, 092001 (2012)
p-p at 2.76TeV			PRC in press arXiv:1403.7845 [nucl-ex](2014)
p-Pb at 5.02TeV			

LHCf 7TeV pp photon

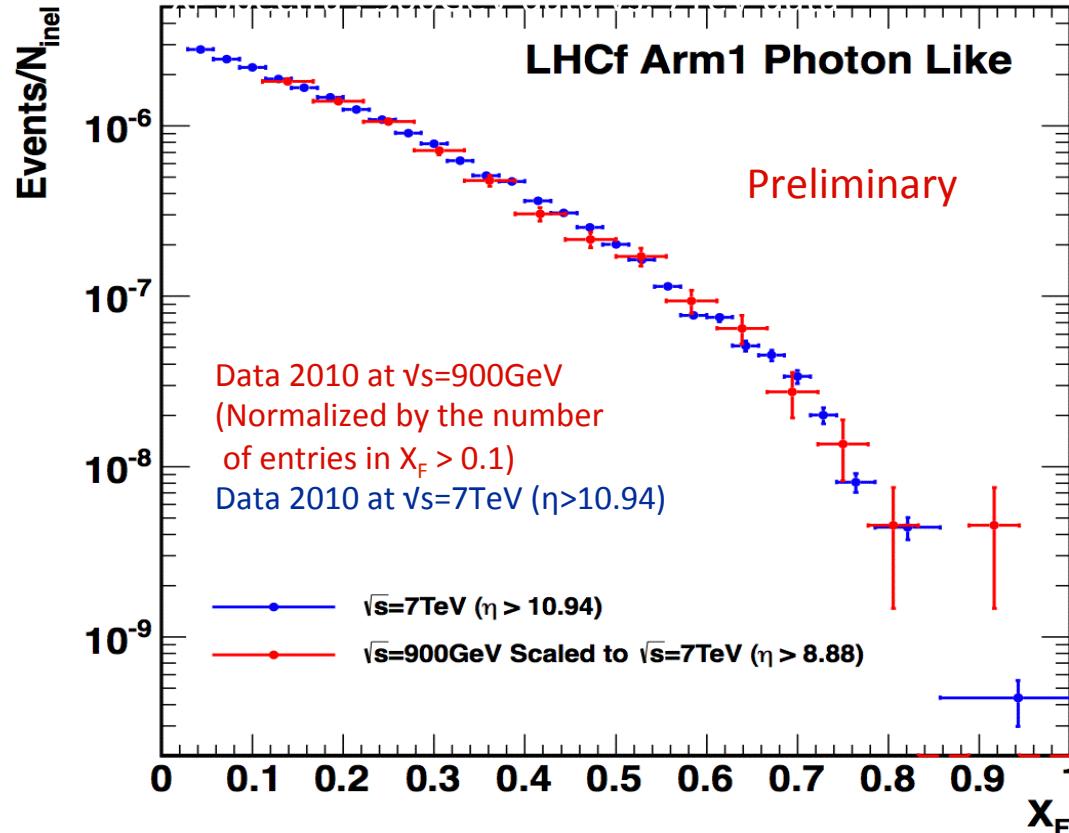
Photon spectra @ 7TeV (Data vs. Models)

Adriani et al., PLB, 703 (2011) 128-134



DPMJET 3.04 QGSJET II-03 SIBYLL 2.1 EPOS 1.99 PYTHIA 8.145

900GeV vs. 7TeV

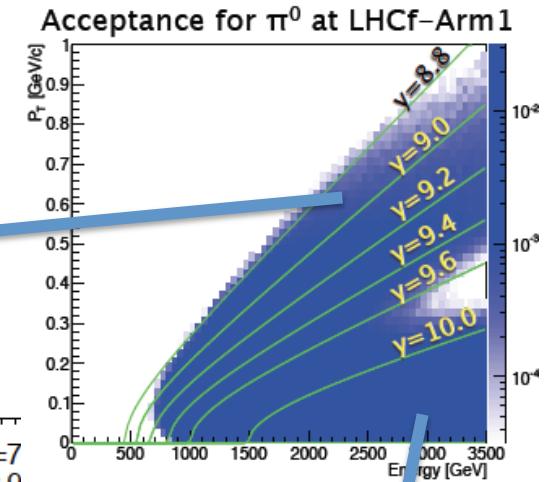
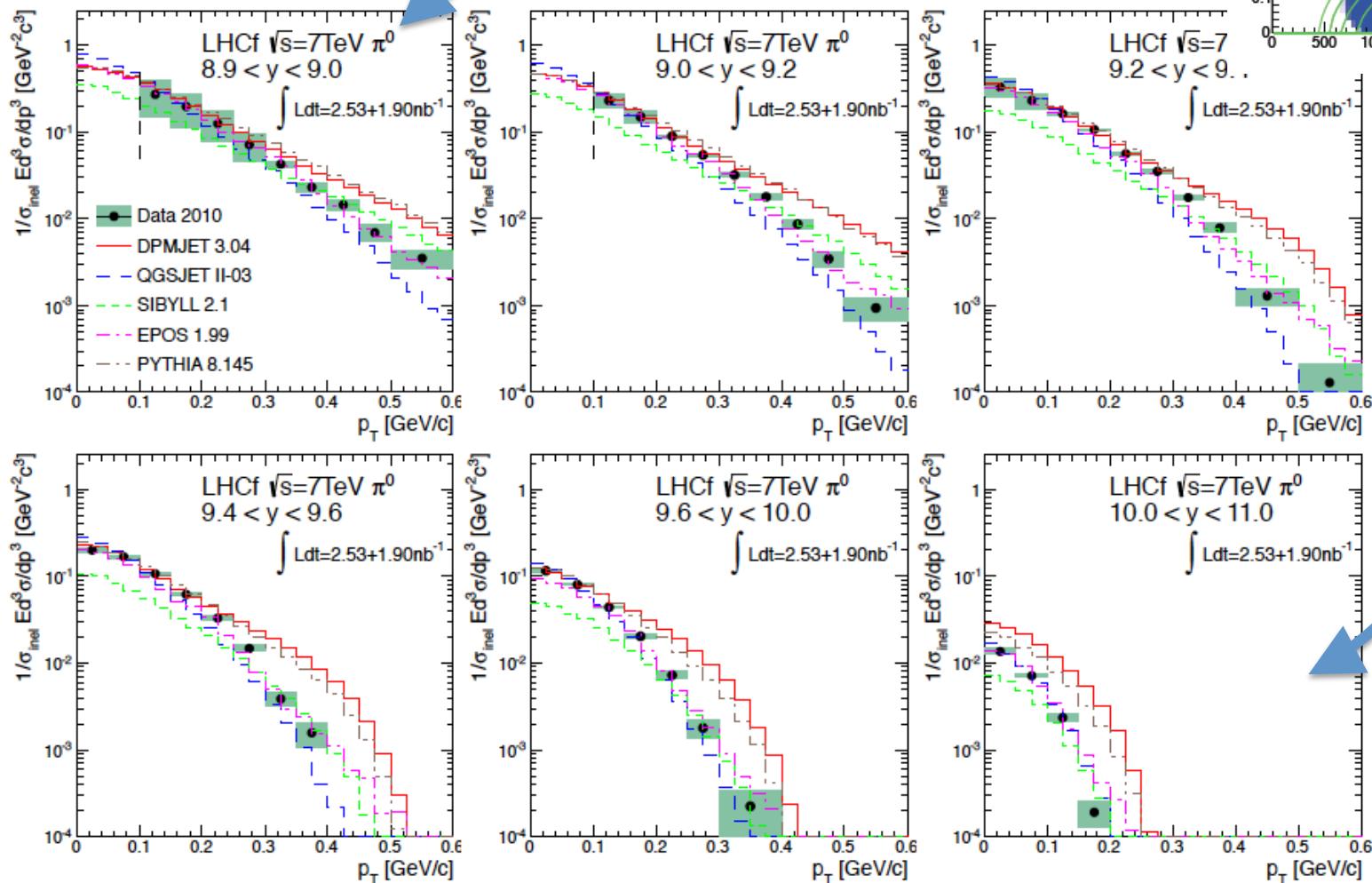


- ✓ Comparison in the same p_T range ($p_T < 0.13x_F$ GeV/c)
 - ✓ Normalized by # of events $X_F > 0.1$
 - ✓ Statistical error only
 - ✓ Comparison with 2.76TeV, 13TeV (and RHIC 500GeV) are planned
- 39

LHCf 7TeV pp π^0

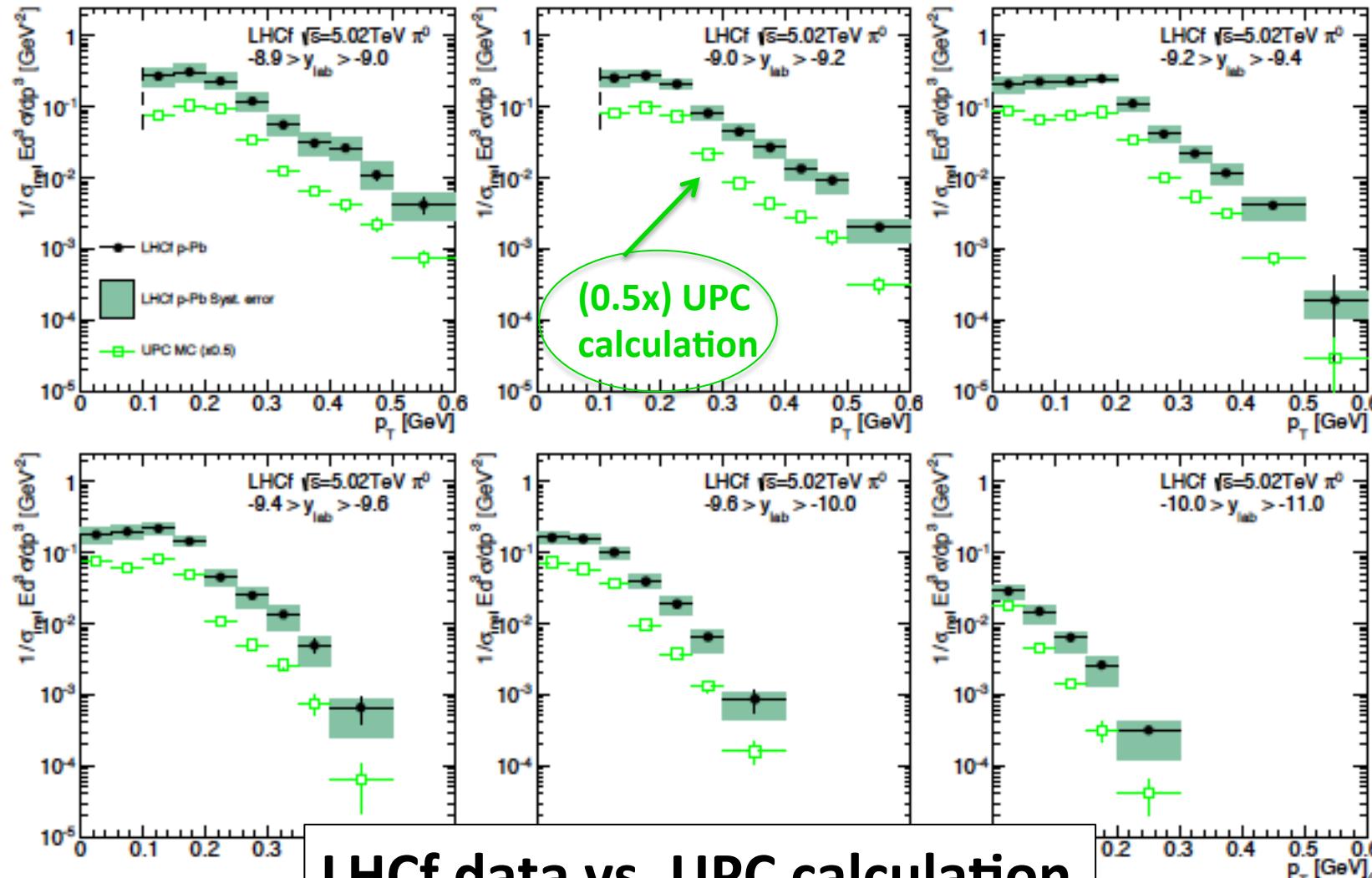
$\pi^0 p_T$ distribution in different rapidity (y) ranges

Adriani et al., PRD, 86, 092001 (2012)



5.02TeV pPb collision

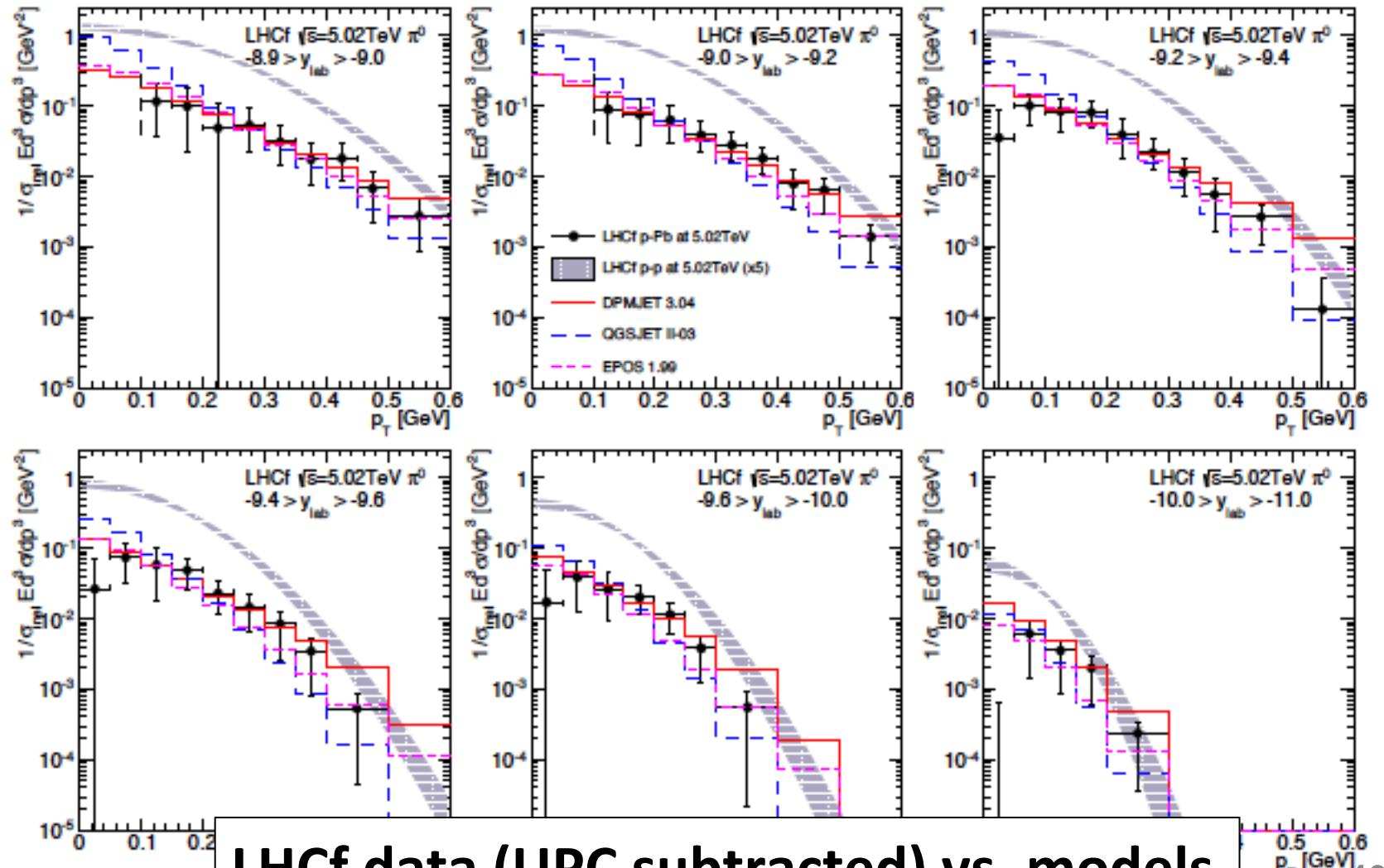
π^0 at p-remnant side



5.02TeV pPb collision

π^0 at p-remnant side

LHCf p-p at 5.02TeV (x5)
DPMJET 3.04
QGSJET II-03
EPOS 1.99

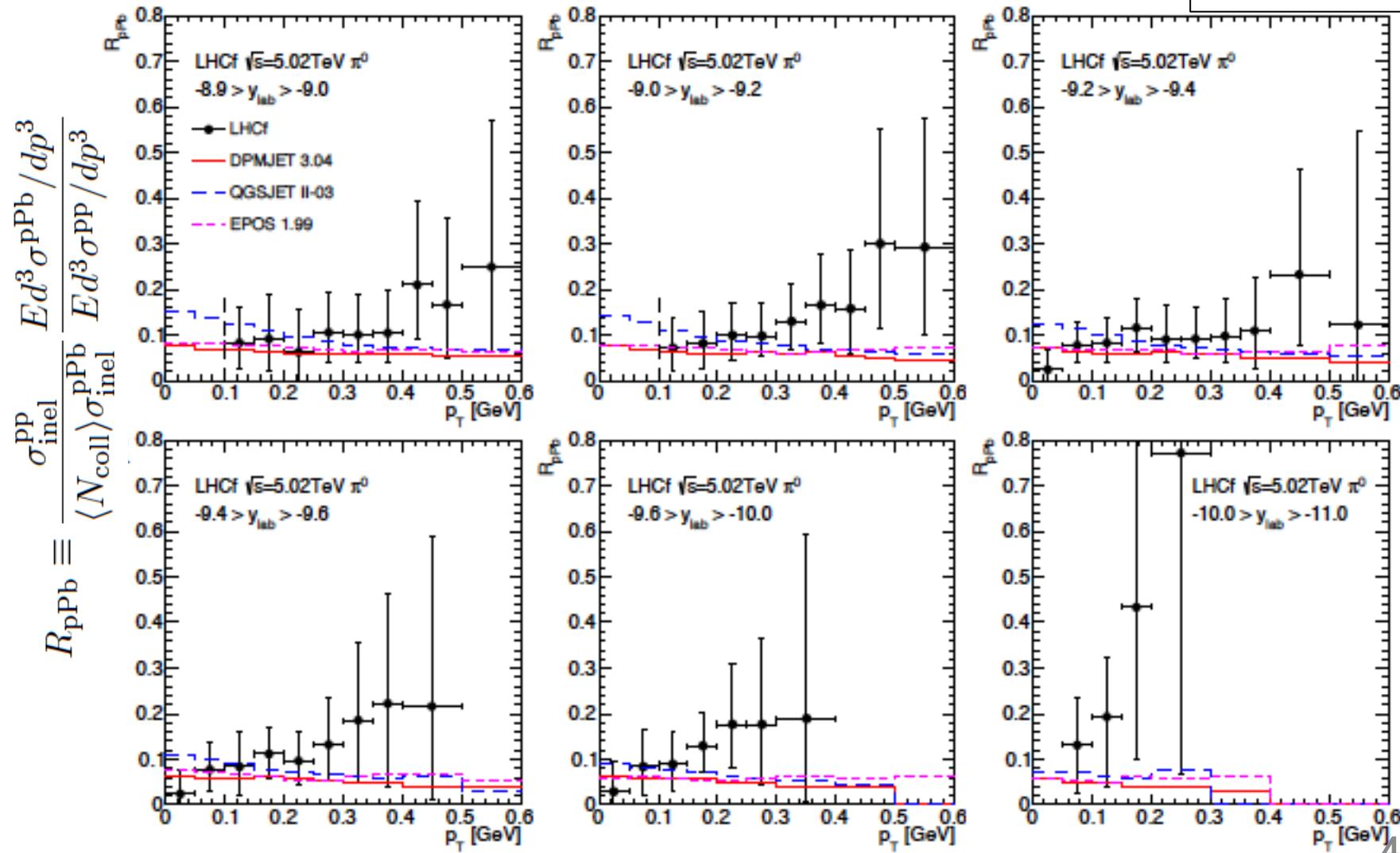


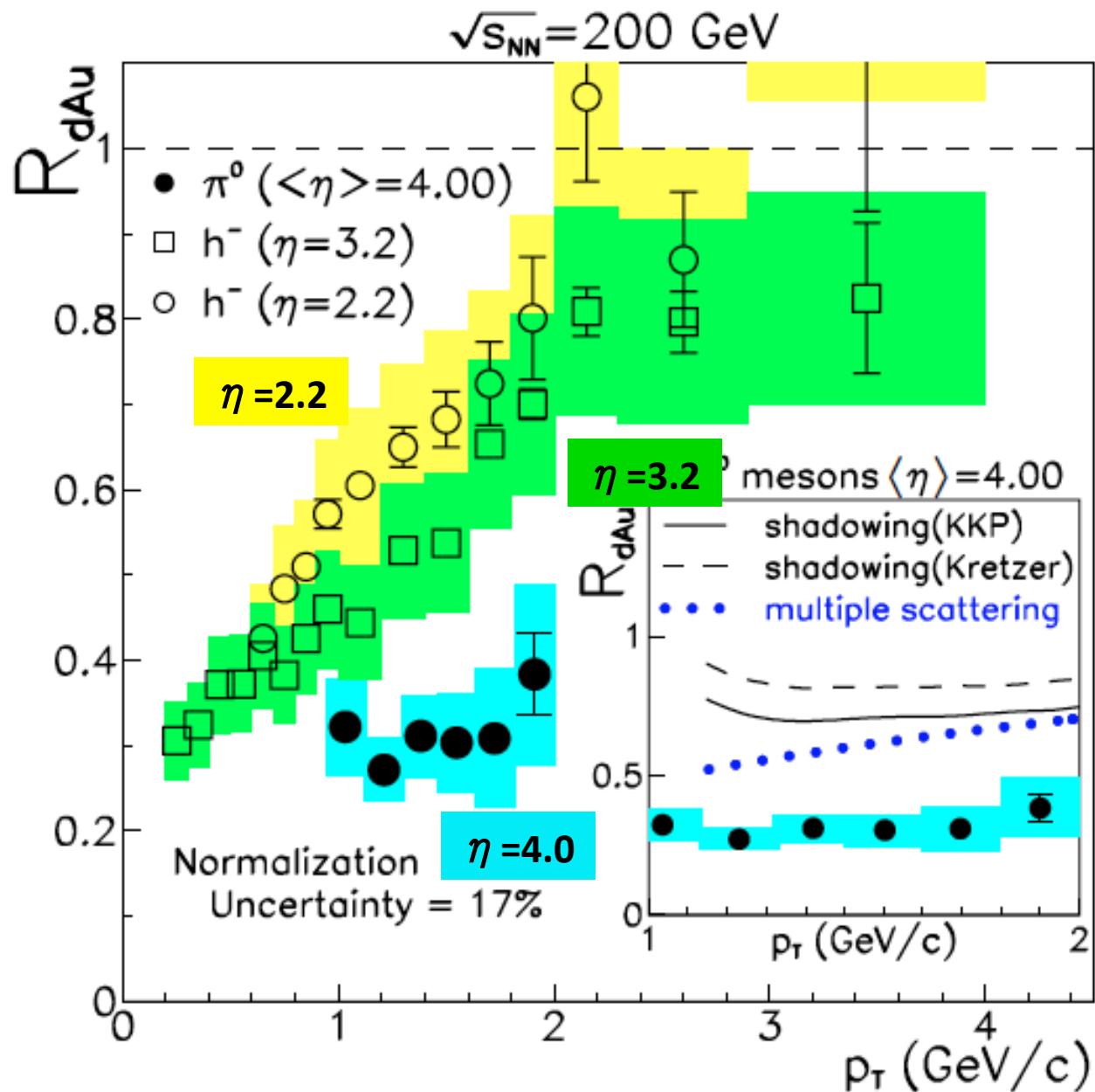
LHCf data (UPC subtracted) vs. models

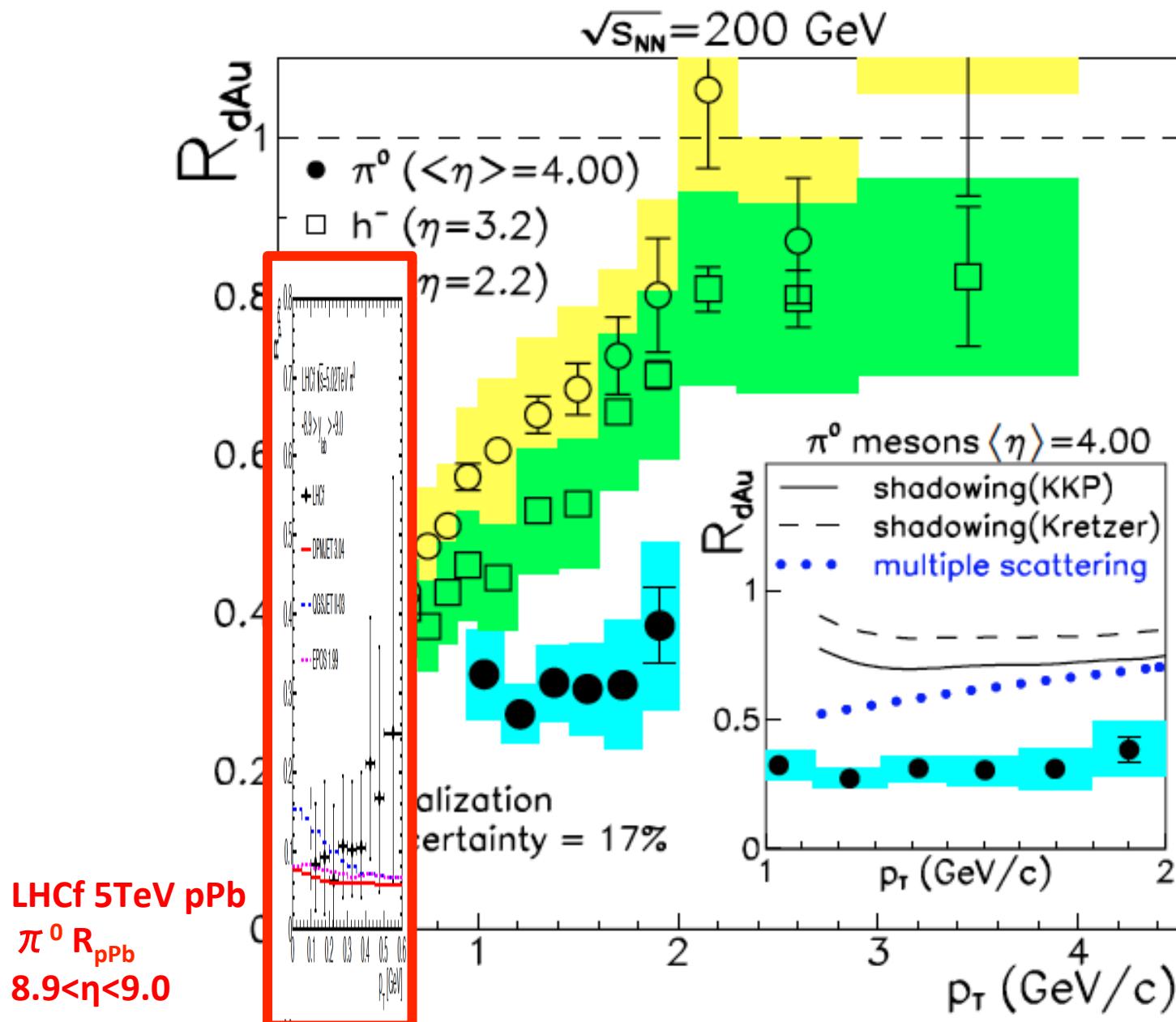
5.02TeV pPb collision

π^0 at p-remnant side

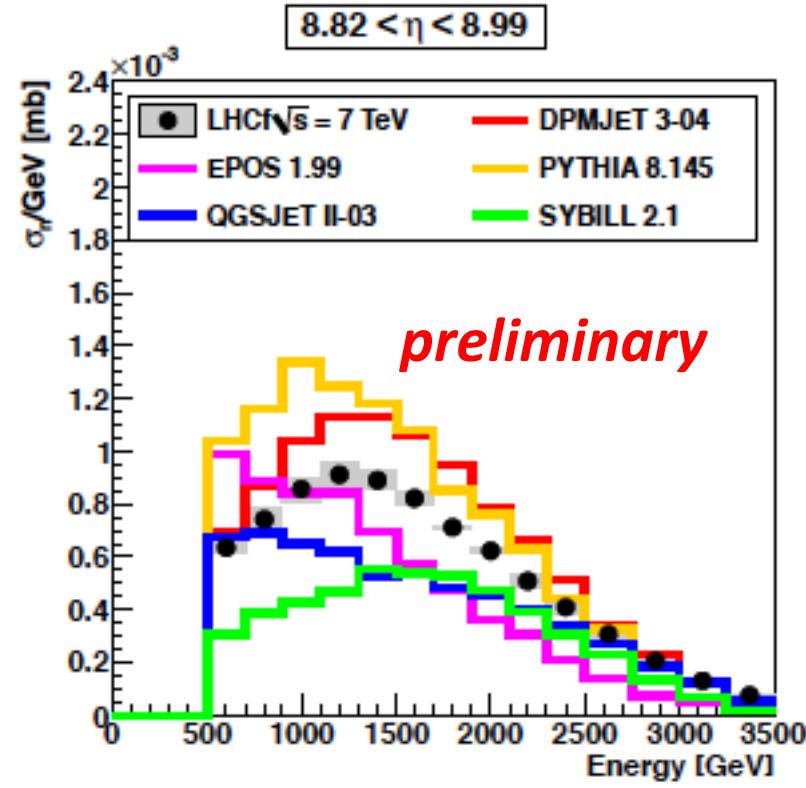
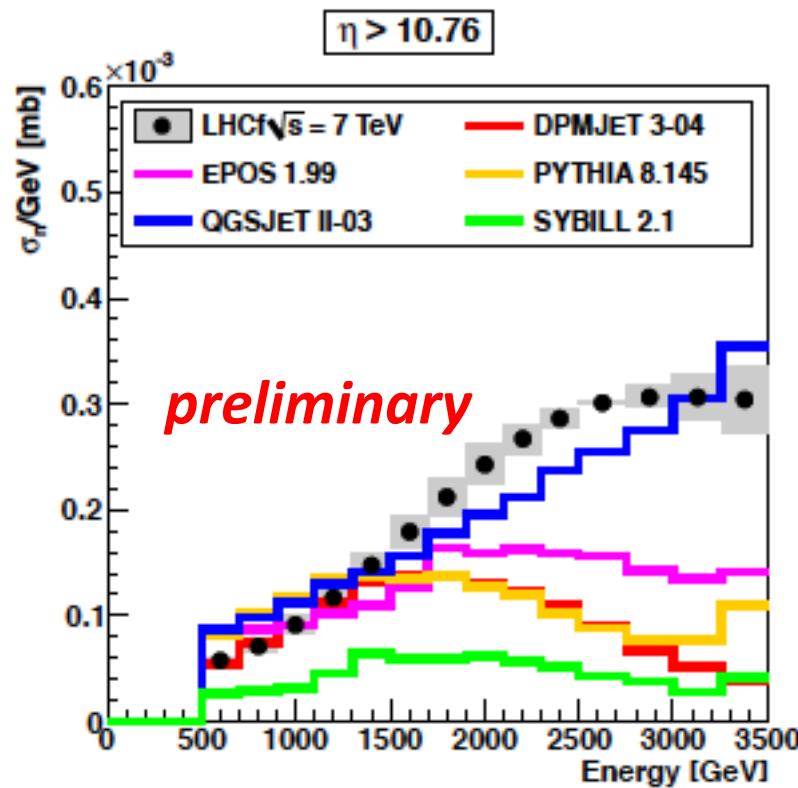
- LHCf
- DPMJET 3.04
- - QGSJET II-03
- · EPOS 1.99





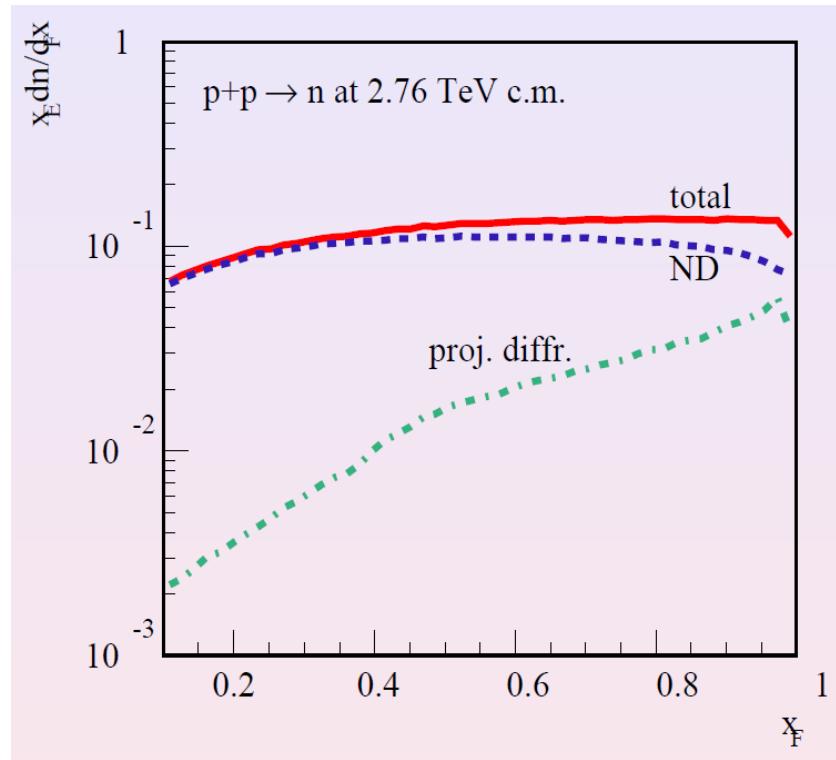


7TeV pp neutron

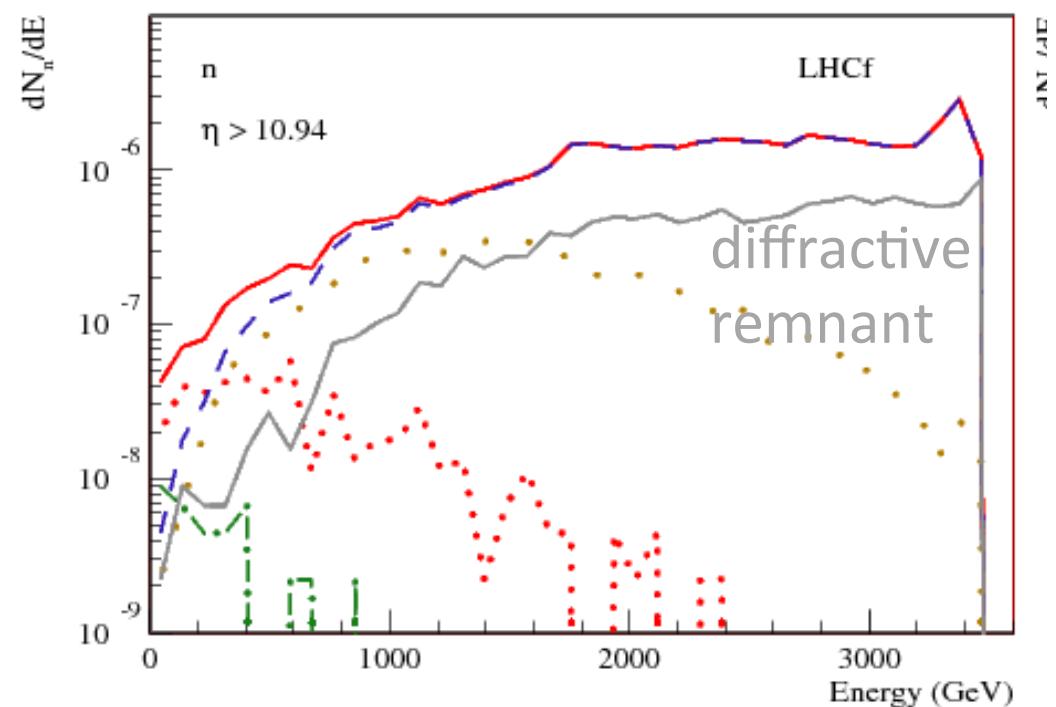


- ✓ Sys-error to be updated
 - ✓ Energy resolution 40%, position resolution 0.1-1 mm are unfolded
 - ✓ Detection efficiency, PID efficiency, purity are corrected

Origin of 0 degree neutrons



Ostapchenko, QGSJET II



Pierog, EPOS